

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Showers.

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 88 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 25, 1906

NUMBER 133

REGULATIONS GOVERNING SALE AND LEASING OF LANDS

Regulations governing the leasing and sale of lands allotted to or inherited by fullblood Indians of the five civilized tribes have been issued by the secretary of the interior. They cover leases of all kinds and the sale of lands.

Under the heading, "Leases," the regulations provide that fullblood Indian allottees of the five tribes may, subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior, lease their homesteads for agricultural purposes in case of their disability on account of infirmity or age, and where leases are submitted for approval covering homestead lands, the affidavit of a physician or other satisfactory evidence must be furnished.

All leased for mineral purposes covering the homestead, surplus and inherited lands of fullblood Indians of the five tribes, all leases for agricultural purposes for periods in excess of one year covering such lands, and all leases for agricultural purposes for one year or less affecting the homesteads of such Indians, must be made in accordance with these regulations and approved by the secretary, but leases covering homesteads must not include other lands.

Three years is the maximum grasslease allowed; five years for agricultural purposes, and fifteen years for mineral purposes. All improvements placed on the lands by the lessee to an agricultural or grazing lease, or anyone holding under him as a sublessee, or otherwise, shall, at the expiration of the lease, be and become the property of the owner of the land. This regulation is applicable to all improvements and buildings placed upon lands leased for mineral purposes, except tools, boilers, boiler houses, pipe lines, pumping and drilling outfits, tanks, engines, casings of all dry or exhausted wells and machinery.

"All original lessees, except of mineral lands, as hereinafter provided," says one section, "shall be required to

furnish a bond, executed by two or more sufficient sureties. Each mineral lease must be accompanied by an application under oath by the lessee, and each applicant will be required to state that the application is not made for speculation, but in good faith, and where the lease is for mining purposes, for mining the mineral specified, including oil and gas."

In all mineral leases it must be provided that only so much of the surface of the land described as may be reasonably necessary to carry on the work contemplated may be occupied by the lessee.

Bonds must be in amounts as follows: For leases covering 40 acres and less than 80, \$1000; 80 acres and less than 120, \$1500; 120 acres and not more than 160, \$2000, and for each 40 acre tract, or fractional part thereof, above 160 acres, \$500; but the right is reserved to increase the amount of such bonds.

No lease shall be sublet, transferred or assigned without the consent and approval of the secretary of the interior.

All leases shall provide for the payment of advance annual royalty in sums of not less than 15 cents per acre per annum for the first and second years, 30 cents per acre per annum for the third and fourth years, and 75 cents per acre per annum for the fifth and each succeeding year thereafter for the term for which the lease is to run, the sums thus paid to be a credit on the stipulated royalties, should the same exceed in one year the amount of the advanced payment.

Oil and gas leases are limited to 4800 acres to a person or corporation, as at present.

Royalties required on coal and asphalt leases are as follows: On asphaltum, 10 cents per ton for each and every ton of crude asphalt, or 60 cents per ton on refined asphalt; on the production of all coal mined, 8 cents per ton, mine run, including slack; all royalties to be paid monthly.



RESIDENCE OF DR. N. B. SHANDS

THE PARTY WHICH AFFORDS PROTECTION FOR THE PEOPLE

Two parties must decide the question of who shall control the constitutional convention. It will be either republican or democratic. No matter what party or creed which may be espoused by the voter, he cannot hope to express his convictions in a manner that will be effective except through one or the other of the dominant parties.

This is not said with a view to causing any voter to quit his party, but it is said as a matter of fact that is understood by every voter acquainted with conditions in the new state. The issues of the campaign are easily understood. It is a question with the voter which of the parties will serve his best interest, and the interest of posterity.

One of the great questions that concerns every man, woman and child of the new state is whether or not the negro shall be accorded the right to go to school with the whites, or whether he shall be provided with schools for his children and the races separated—whether the negro shall be permitted to crowd into the same coaches with our wives and daughters, or be provided with separate coaches of the same grade and quality.

Another of no less importance is the question of the initiative and referendum, the only means placed in the hands of the common people to protect

themselves from the avarice of corporations that ask special privileges at the hands of legislatures. These two questions alone are quite enough to cause every citizen of the new state to consider seriously where he will cast his vote for the delegate to the constitutional convention.

There is no question as to where the democratic party stands on these questions, and there is little doubt where the republican party stands, though it may not make any declarations regarding them. Democracy is for the women and children of the new state, and for the future welfare of posterity. Its declarations on the matter of separate schools and separate coaches are specific and open, as are the declarations for the initiative and referendum.

The republican party has always been for mixed schools, and in all states where the republicans are in control have refused to pass separate school and coach laws. The record of the republican party on the initiative is enough to convince all that it will not accept those measures for the protection of the people. Wherever given an opportunity that party has refused to adopt such measures, and Oklahoma is on record against them. The voter who wants the protection that goes to make a better state for themselves and their children, will have to turn to the democratic party for help.

1,000 VICTIMS BURIED AND 1,000 YET REMAIN

Valparaiso, Aug. 24.—as the result of the splendid courage of the people and with the co-operation of the city government Valparaiso will be rebuilt within a few years on finer and more beautiful lines than before the disaster of August 16.

The rain last night caused most of the people to desert the tents which they have occupied and return to their houses. Almost all the walls are cracked, but there was no violent tremor during the night or today. Many of the people had to walk long distances carrying their bedclothes on their shoulders.

There are no conflagrations, but the blowing up of damaged and dangerous structures with dynamite continues. Otherwise the town has assumed an almost normal position. Many business houses have been reopened.

The residence on Victoria and Algere hills, which are occupied principally by Americans, Englishmen and Germans, suffered comparatively little damage.

In the quarter of the city which suffered most severely entire streets have been wiped out. One thousand of those who were killed by the earthquake have been buried and there are more than 1,000 corpses beneath the ruins.

CUBAN INSURGENTS MAY, OVERTHROW GOVERNMENT

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 24.—Passengers from Havana say that panic prevails there and that President Palma is virtually a prisoner in his palace.

The steamship Gussie, arriving here today from Havana, was loaded to its full capacity with tobacco, which is being rushed out of the island by the importers.

Indications are that the situation on the island is much worse than is known to the outside world.

It is reported here today that an encounter has taken place near San Juan Hill between government forces under Lieut. Acuy and the insurgents, with the tide in favor of the latter.

Many people are said to be disappearing at Guanajay, who are believed to be joining the insurgents.

Efforts are being made to trace an American woman here in whose rooms in the Hotel Leal at Havana the plot to assassinate President Palma is said to have been hatched.

Unique Bridge Finances.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 25.—This city and the adjacent Choctaw Nation will form an association to build bridges, trusting to the county to reimburse them when it is formed by buying their bridges from them. It is on such a plan that the bridges over Coal creek will be built. The bridge will cost \$35,000, of which sum nearly \$2,000 has already been collected.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-1f

NEW STATE'S CORN CROP IS A RECORD BREAKER

Guthrie, Ok., Aug. 25.—The biggest and best crop of corn ever raised in Oklahoma is now standing in the field. It is now ripening and much of it will be ready for shucking in thirty days. In some parts of the territory the corn in the fields is being shocked, but as a rule the crop is still growing and maturing.

The reports are similar across both territories from Arkansas to the Panhandle and from the Sunflower state to the Red river. Nothing like it in corn was ever seen before in this territory. Up in Kay county, which generally carries off the belt annually for the biggest crops, some of the crop is already made, the average field indicating a yield of from fifty to sixty bushels per acre, while many fields will make from seventy-five to ninety bushels per acre. This has been the greatest growing year Oklahoma has ever had, and the frequent rains—although they may have damaged the wheat and the peaches to a great extent—have made the corn crop one that will be talked about for decades to come.

Indian Territory is also raising her banner corn crop this year. Thousands of acres in the vicinity of Holdenville will make from sixty to seventy-five

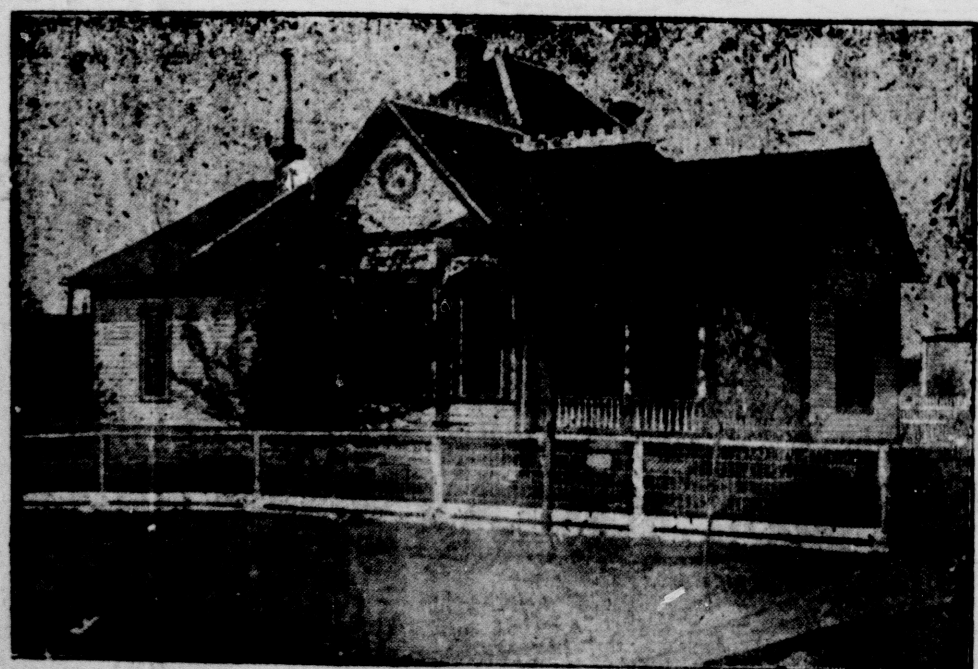
bushels per acre. It will be ready to harvest in thirty days, and the farmers for the first time will shuck the greater part of the crop. Heretofore it has been the custom to snap the corn. Two elevators have been erected at Holdenville to handle the crop.

There has been a big increase in the acreage of corn in Indian Territory this year. This is due largely to the fact that a large part of the new immigration to the Territory has been from the corn growing states, where the farmers do not know anything about growing cotton. In addition, there was a lot of new land broken last spring and much of it was planted in corn. The increased acreage in Indian Territory is placed at 20 per cent over last season. The ground has been in excellent condition and the weather conditions for corn were never better.

Municipal Ownership Pays.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 25.—An examination of the municipality owned city water plant reveals the fact that South McAlester is making between \$6,000 and \$7,000 a year out of her water revenue. The friends of municipal ownership are much gratified.

Snook up a good keho 12 6td



RESIDENCE OF DR. H. BROWALL



A GOOD DOCTOR

is a broad minded man, and one who has the interest of his patient at heart and does all in his power to care for his patient. The best doctors' skill and ability is of little consequence if his prescriptions are filled by incompetent druggists and with impure drugs. Our prescription department is the largest and most complete of any in the city and is composed of the purest drugs and chemicals and compounded by experienced druggists. Consequently the best results are obtained. We can fill any prescription written by any physician in the city. You do not need to take them elsewhere because they are written on other druggists' stationery.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.
(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

Money to Loan

On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates.

Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.

GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.

DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Cit. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Bolen)

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

MASON DRUG COMPANY

Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand

Clean, Pure, Uptodate Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solicited.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.

W. H. EBEY, Pres. and Manager, — ADA, IND. TER.

A Full Line of

May Manton Bazar PATTERNS

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 28, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES

IT'S ALL IN THE FAMILY

"It is just as easy to vote the Democratic ticket in Mill Creek, whether in a district with Ada or Tishomingo. Time and place have no effect on Democracy." Thus cheerfully comments the Mill Creek Times.

Why, of course, Mill Creek. So long as your company is Democratic, it's all right; isn't it? And they couldn't so change you around as to get you into a doubtful district. Republicans are not thick enough in these parts to make it entertaining. All we've got to do is to choose a good Democratic delegate to represent us in the constitutional convention. No matter where he comes from—Tyrola, McGee, Mill Creek, Ada or some other neck of the woods—he must be a good one. No other sort need apply.

THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO.
GALVESTON, TEXAS
Solely by Druggists.
or sent in plain wrapper,
by express, prepaid, for
\$1.00, or 3 bottles \$2.75.
Circular sent on request.

WAY UP
In Workmanship,
Fit and Trimming
WAY DOWN
IN PRICE

I am making a big **Slaughter**

On Prices of the Chitwood stock of Goods. I also do Cleaning, Pressing, Remaking and Dyeing at Reasonable Prices. Ladies Skirts a Specialty. All work Guaranteed. Give me a call

B. C. BERRY,
TAILOR
Over Rollow's Store.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.
Is given up to be best. Do
Largest Agency Work
of any plant in this Territory.

Reed & Harrison
Wholesale and Retail **Buggies**
The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

PAULS VALLEY MAN HEADS THE FARMER'S UNION

Shawnee, Ok., August 24.—The Tobin-Dawes controversy, which nearly resulted in a row the Farmers' Union convention Thursday afternoon, was resumed this morning when Thos. P. Tobin endeavored to present his side of the case to the convention, but he finally left the hall and quiet was restored. Thursday, when he attempted to address the convention, cries of "Put him out!" rang over the hall and dozens of the delegates left, returning only when Tobin left the place. The trouble between Dawes and Tobin resulted from the mutual publishing of the Indian Union Signal by the two men, and Dawes claims that Tobin illegally took the entire paper.

At the morning session it was decided that the convention must get down to business and prepare for adjournment. This afternoon the election of officers was taken up immediately after the convention began. Ten candidates were proposed. Green B. Patterson, present business agent, was one of the leaders, but he immediately withdrew from the race. On a ballot, J. A. West, of Pauls Valley, was elected president. Mr. West is a solid farmer and one who will give a good administration. He accepted the honor with a short speech of thanks. E. E. Duffey, of Lexington, was elected vice president, and A. E. Hansen, secretary.

THE Ada District is in formation an inverted L or an inverted boot, just as you choose. Whether you characterize it as L upsidedown, or as a boot rampant old 87 is going to be heard from. It's going to give 'em L and help boot the rascals out. Just so it's Democratic, what boots it, what L do we care about our shape?

Origin of "Sub Rosa."

The rose is the emblem of secrecy in Greece, and was formerly hung over the table where guests were entertained in token that nothing heard there was to be repeated. Hence the expression "sub rosa."

Damaging Rains at Ardmore.

Ardmore, I. T., Aug. 24.—A soaking rain fell in this section today and farmers are complaining of too much moisture. In some sections bollworms have appeared in large numbers.

Notice, Baptist Singers.

There will be choir practice at the Baptist church tonight. Do not fail to come.

At the C. P. Church.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Senior endeavor at 4 p. m. Choir practice tonight. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

Galveston's Sea Wall

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton St., in Waco, Texas, needs no sea wall for safety. He writes: "I have used Dr. King's new discovery for consumption the past 5 years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone." Cures chronic coughs, la grippe, croup, whooping cough and prevents pneumonia. Pleasant to take. Every bottle guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores. Price 50c and \$1. Trial bottle.

Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District:

Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff, vs. Joe Mauldin, Defendant, No. 822

The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.

[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk.

By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy.

Galbraith and McKown, Attorneys.

Attorney for non-resident: W. C. Edwards.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's**

New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLD

Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,

TRAINED NURSE.

Konawa Ind. Ter. Phone No. 33.

THE SYSTEM PURIFIER

Drives Out That Billous, Lazy Feeling.
Makes You Bright, Active and Cheerful.

CURES CONSTIPATION

SOLD AT DRUG STORES - PRICE \$1.00 PER BOTTLE

IT REVEALS CHARACTER

PECULIARITIES OF SEX APPEAR IN FLAT-HUNTING.

Men Hate to Move When Once Settled—Women Expose Their Foibles in Making Selection.

"Here's where you have a chance to study human nature," says the superintendent of a Chicago apartment house, according to the Inter Ocean. Why, I can tell as soon as I have gone over an apartment with a couple whether they live happily together.

"If they talk over the attractive corners and she tells where his reading lamp will go, and he says that is a nice corner for her tea table, they are pretty sure to be home folks.

"If he digs holes in the floor with his cane while she makes a quick survey of the rooms and orders repairs in a lifeless fashion, they are merely getting a shell of a home in which to hang the skeleton of their one-time domestic happiness.

"You learn to read women, too, in this business," he continues. "The woman who talks about the lovely flat she has and how she hates to leave it but Henry is bound to come up town; who criticizes everything in the apartment and fairly sniffs the air for trouble, will make a nagging, fault finding tenant, and if I had my way I'd raise her rent.

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need manicuring and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts, is sure to be a sloppy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat.

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks.

"The bane of the apartment house superintendent is the Sunday rush. All through April we work early and late showing apartments on Sunday. On a pleasant Sunday we show perhaps 200 callers over apartments and rent possibly two. On a rainy Monday we have three callers and rent two apartments. Rainy day flat hunters mean business.

"I do not believe any man would move if he had his own way. He would rather pay more rent, put in a gas stove if the steam heat is not all that it ought to be, sleep on a mattress stretched on the boards laid over the bathtub, if the flat is too small—anything rather than move. Moving has driven more than one well intentioned man to drink."

GETTING CREW FOR WHALEK

Each Man Has to Be Rounded Up Times Without Number to Get Him Aboard.

In Harper's Magazine Clifford W. Ashley, the artist who recently made a trip in an old-fashioned whaler for the magazine, tells entertainingly of the difficulties of finally getting the crew together and aboard ship.

"Sunday morning, long before the church bells rung," says Mr. Ashley, "we were gathered in the darkened front of the store. I had stopped at the postoffice for my mail, and as I stepped out again into the bright sunshine of that August morning, a couple of sailors lumbered hastily by and lodged around the corner. As they were vanishing, one of the 'owners' appeared in the street, gazing up and down in a mystified manner, vainly seeking a glimpse of the runaways. When he saw me he hailed cheerfully. From the alley whence he had emerged, a series of derisive looks followed him, then a wagon-load of seamen appeared, being trundled off to the river. Swaying and pitching as the cart jolted over the cobbles, they boisterously spoke each passerby, making the street hideous with their yells. Before I entered the store I saw them, one by one, dropping off over the tail-board, utterly oblivious to the protests of the unfortunate dry goods clerk who was held responsible for their delivery.

"The front shop was crowded and noisy, but the real hubbub was in a small back room. Here the sailors, howling and pounding, were locked up when caught, and held till the return of the wagon to take them off to the river. Word was received that the mate refused to go on board till he had partaken of his Sunday dinner. On various pretexts others sought to get off for a while longer—one had forgotten to bid his mother good-bye; another had left home without an overcoat. The clerks rushed frantically about. Each man had to be rounded up—not once, but half a dozen times."

Diplomatic Subject.
Italy's king recently paid a visit to Vesuvius. On the occasion of a previous visit an Italian newspaper announced that "the eruption had the honor of being witnessed by his majesty." It was a German paper that once stated that a certain royal prince "was graciously pleased to be born yesterday." Equally courtierlike was an army officer in attendance on the king of Spain not long ago. The king asked him what was the time. The courtier fumbled for his watch, but could not find it, then respectfully replied: "Whatever time your majesty wishes."

WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS

They will be compounded with the purest drugs that can be bought for money. YOURS FOR PRESCRIPTIONS

W. T. NOLEN

4 Trains a Day

Between

Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati

VIA

MONON ROUTE

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.

Finest Pullman Equipment, Including Compartment Cars, Incomparable Dining-Car Service.

The "LIMITED," A NEW TRAIN, leaving Chicago at 11:20 p. m., arriving Cincinnati 7:35 a. m., and leaving Cincinnati 11:25 p. m., arriving Chicago 7:40 a. m., is an especially popular train. Carries Indianapolis layover sleeper.

Chas. H. Rockwell,
Traffic Manager.

Frank J. Reed,
Gen. Pass. Agent

THE SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between

New Orleans and California, Daily

Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the

Road of a Thousand Wonders

that you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning locomotives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent

COMING!

J. D. Chunn's Greater
Uncle Tom's Cabin

\$5,000.00 Challenge Band and Orchestra

The only big one coming this way traveling in its own private cars. Will exhibit under waterproof tent seating 2,500. Rain or shine, at

Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28



LOCAL NEWS

Have you voted?
Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

Master Chisholm Barnett returned today from a week's visit in Konawa. Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only. 133-tf

Jesse Mauldin, of Konawa, was here today.

Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 70. 133-tf

Buy Big A flour if you want the best. 131-3t. Ada Milling Co.

Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-tf

Miss Grace Hardin is visiting in Konawa.

We sell flour and bran cheap. Try us and be convinced. 131-3t. Phone 66.

rice Big A flour before you buy if you want the best for less than you can buy inferior brands. 131-3t. Ada Milling Co.

Mesdames Sledge and McMillan were visitors in Stonewall Friday and Saturday.

It's worth while to buy your cigars at the Smokehouse. A box free to customers every night. 128 6td

Annie Reed went to Stonewall today.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

The friends of A. K. Thornton will be glad to learn of his continued improvement.

Play a game of pool at the Smokehouse and get a box of cigars. 128 6td

D. A. Spears, of Owl, was in the city this morning en route to his home from the Madill oil field. He said it looked good to him.

Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz. Phone 70. 133-tf

Our business affairs have been permanently and satisfactorily arranged and we have resumed business. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 130d5w1 MASON DRUG CO.

Best bran in town 50c per 100 pounds. Phone 66. 131-3t.

Rev. M. A. Cassidy returned from Denison Friday.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and county. 130d5w1

Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods. 133-tf.

E. T. Steed returned Friday night from Kansas City and St. Louis, where he purchased his fall and winter stock of dry goods and gents' furnishings.

LOST—Gold mounted back-comb; made of white ivory and has one pearl on each end, two amethysts in middle. Lost between F. J. Etter's and Dr. Faust's residences. Return to News office and get reward. 132 ddt

From John Miller.

We are in receipt of a letter from John Miller who is at Fletcher, Ok.

After requesting that the Evening News be sent him, he adds: "I have been in Montague county, Texas, for the past three weeks. Crops are good in Texas and they are fine here, too. But we haven't seen anything that beats Ada yet. Ada is o. k. for it is our home."

"Fletcher is a nice little town on the Frisco railroad, twenty miles north of Lawton and thirty miles southwest of Chickasha. Fletcher has thirteen dry goods and grocery stores, one drug store, one saloon and one bank."

"Success to the News and its many readers. Yours Respectfully, John Miller."

"P. S. How is the water problem in Ada?"

Wanted.

Boy about 12 or 13 years of age; one who is not going to school. 130-4t Apply at Telephone office.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children.

CHAPMAN
The Shoe Man.

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?

Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer?

.....

[Signature]

[Street Address]

A Great Revival.

The revival will begin at the Christian church Friday evening, September 7th, 1906. The meetings will be conducted by C. F. Trimble, state evangelist, of Oklahoma. He will have with him Prof. O'Neal and wife of Springfield, Mo., who will have charge of the song service. Both are fine singers and come highly recommended.

Make ready for a great meeting for it is surely coming. 131d3

Religious Debate.

A religious debate will begin Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at the Homer schoolhouse, on the Conway road, 3 miles east of town. Rev. Norman, of Francis, and Parson Dassey, of Milburn, are the debaters. Everybody invited.

J. A. Biles returned from Ardmore. Come in and deposit your vote.

Friday afternoon. He returned via Madill to see the gas gusher.

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf

Judge J. M. Doss is reported no better today.

Box of cigars given away every night this week at Smokehouse. 128 6td

Services at the Baptist church Sunday, morning and evening.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

You are invited to hear Brother Harrell at the Baptist church Sunday.

The only exclusive cigar stand in town, the Smokehouse. Why not patronize it? 128 6td

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

Col. B. M. Camp, one of Hopkins county's leading truck growers was the guest of his old friends Shed and Andy Chapman Friday.

Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

Gus Angelly told us today that he was our friend by presenting us with two delicious watermelons. Thank you Angelly.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs.—P. K. Smith. 126-tf

Rev. M. A. Cassidy left today for Holdenville, where he will conduct a two weeks meeting.

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

The protracted meeting will begin at the Christian church tomorrow. You are invited.

Free smoking at the Smokehouse. Draw a box and smoke up. 128 6td

If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf

I will trade a good sewing machine for a goat, also an organ for a pony. 120-24t w18-4t Lee Smith.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" never grows old. There runs through it a vein of pathos peculiarly touching and sweet. It speaks the universal language of the heart. It reflects like a prism the innermost phases of the human emotion. It is more than a play. It is a moral classic. It argues for two of the greatest themes that can enthuse the mind: human liberty and the immortality of the soul. Notwithstanding its frequent production, it is seldom that one sees the play as it is now presented by J. D. Chunn's colossal spectacular company. It is like meeting an old friend after many years. The management doubtless believes in the maxim, "What's worth doing is worth doing well." They have brought together in this production all the requisites that go to make up a first class entertainment. J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin company will exhibit at Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28.

REV. HARRELL.

The Baptist Minister from Texas Here Sunday.

Rev. T. B. Harrell, of Mt. Vernon, Texas, who has made quite a reputation as an evangelist, will preach at the Baptist church Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. As stated in Thursday's News, Mr. Harrell is a very strong man, and he will benefit all who hear him.

How About "Glenada."

Judge Currie thinks that by prefixing "glen" to our city's name a charming combination will be secured—"Glenada." "Glen" has often been used in compounding names of places, and invariably the compound has a beautiful and poetic ring.

Couldn't Find Language.

Senator Clay of Georgia, was telling Senator Pettus of Alabama, about an unfair, browbeating and unfair federal judge in the South. "He is —, he is —, he is —," said Senator Clay, hesitating for a word. "I understand you perfectly, senator," Senator Pettus said. "You are a Baptist, and your religion does not furnish the words necessary to properly describe such a man."

Lynching Souvenirs.

Souvenir postal cards bearing pictures of two negroes as they appeared swinging from the limb of a tree on the morning after they were lynched have been mailed at Salisbury, N. C., which place apparently takes pride in the lynching. The postal cards have been held up pending a decision by the department authorities in Washington whether such things can properly be transmitted through the mails. There ought to be no doubt about the decision. —Kansas City Journal.

Sabbath School Exercises.

On the first Sunday in October the First Presbyterian Sunday school will have a children's exercise. Every child of the Sunday school and others are cordially invited to join in on this occasion. Parts and envelopes will be given out tomorrow morning at the 9:45 service. Let all be on hand at that time. The teachers and leaders are especially urged to be there.

Mighty Weak.

Oliver Wendell Holmes was invited to deliver a lecture in a town in the central part of Massachusetts. He was not feeling very well and he wrote the following reply to the committee in declining to accept the invitation. "I am far from being in good physical health, and I am satisfied that if I were offered a \$50 bill after my lecture I should not have strength enough to refuse it."

To Candidates.

The News will print you a soliciting card that guarantees a pleasant introduction.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and country. 130d5w1

Chance at box of cigars with each 10c spent at Smokehouse. 128 6td

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129-tf

Program A. Y. M. B. S.

Sunday, August 26, 1906—Services held at First Presbyterian church, promptly at 3 o'clock.

Song.
Opening prayer.
Roll call.
Lesson: Fourth chapter of Nehemiah. Leader, J. W. Beard.
General discussion. Leader, Orel Harper.
Prayer.
Rolls opened for new members.
Benediction.
Every man and boy will be most cordially welcomed. Every Christian is especially urged to "line up" with this society.

Notice to Merchants Everywhere.

The Ada News wishes to learn what Dry Goods Merchant in the country uses such a trade mark that they would indicate the cost of certain goods by a Triangle, followed by the letter W, the selling price beneath being plainly marked 12 1-2 cents. If such a house is located soon, it may result in the righting of a great wrong. Other papers please copy.

GERMAN GIRLS' SCHOOLING

We Challenge for Them in Their Own Country, But They Have a "Pension."

The German girl leaves school at about 15 years of age, by which time she has learned to sew, mend, and expeditiously to speak English and French. She has not learned higher mathematics, says Modern Women, but she has learned the small things which fit a girl for a housewife or companion, and that, in Germany, is woman's only sphere.

However much we American girls may enjoy our colleges we dare not pity the German girls, for they have something which takes their place and of which we can have no conception until we reside in Germany a few months.

Did you ever hear of a pension? It is one of the most enjoyable things which exists. Certain influential ladies, mostly widows or maiden aunts, make known that they are willing to take a limited number of young ladies into their family.

We went to Hanover, two of us girls, with a horror and dread of a boarding school, as we heard a pension described. We found ourselves in a family of eight girls, all from the very best class of Germans, and all placed under Frau von H—'s care for a year or more.

None of the girls had any special object in life; a few wanted to learn how to keep house, a few indulged in an hour's music lesson per week, but most of them came, as is the German custom, for the sake of becoming polished, and being escorted to concerts, theaters, balls, receptions, student Kneipes, etc., opportunities not afforded in smaller cities, and even not in many cities that are larger than Hanover.

Consequently our chaperon accepted invitations for her girls, parties were given and the great intimate family spent a year full of pleasure.

HORSE AND HORSELESS.

The Animal and the Auto Each Do the Other an Occasional Good Turn.

A farmer in Cadiz, Ind., recently jacked up his automobile to serve in lieu of a broken engine in the shelling of corn and cutting of fodder for his live stock and horses. The latter partook of their share of the feed without showing any hard feeling toward their deadly rival, the auto.

One man who has been touring the country says that the horses have accepted the automobile more gracefully than the farmers have.

He tells the story of an automobilist who met an elderly couple driving a skittish horse which decidedly objected to passing the unknown vehicle. The driver of the car stopped to offer his aid, but the man declined it with the remark:

"If you'll lead my old woman by, I guess she hoss and I can make it all right."

Another horse and horseless yarn comes from a man in Oregon. He says:

"When I bought my car, I marveled that the company could sell it for \$1,550. Now I marvel that they could sell it at any price. Marveling is the cheapest part of the proposition. I find."

"My particular marvel out in my barn reminds me of the man who built so much stone fence in one day that it took him two days to walk back to where he began. My car will take me—sometimes—so far from home in two hours that it takes the rest of the day for me to drive home with a providentially hired horse."

FACTS ABOUT SAFETY PIN.

Obliging Clerk Imparts Interesting Information Concerning the Article.

"One dozen safety pins. Twelve cents. Thank you, madam," said the clerk. "Your change will be here in one moment."

She was very pretty. He was young. A conversation sprang up.

"There is a strange story connected with the safety pin," the clerk said. "An Englishman invented this pin some 30 or 40 years ago. For this admirable invention he was highly honored. Fetes and applause were showered upon him. If I am not mistaken, the man was even knighted."

"And about three years ago, in excavating in Pompeii, they came upon—what do you think? A perfect safety pin. Hundreds of perfect bronze safety pins. The Englishman's invention wasn't new at all. It was 2,000 years old."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

MIKADO'S SELF DENIAL.

Refused Heat in Palace While His Soldiers Were Freezing in the Field.

In the bitter cold of last winter—1904-1905—the mikado not content with the fullest official reports, sent his grand master to look into the conditions at the front, to ascertain by visiting every camp and outpost, how the soldiers were faring. When Count Hilkata returned with his harrowing tale of frightful suffering caused by the cold, the emperor was broken-hearted, says World's Work. Nothing more could be done—the Manchurian winter must drag its icy season through—but the emperor would not take his ease while his men were freezing, and the order to discontinue all heating of the palace till the war should be over showed that his sympathy was with them day by day.

A Vote Winner.

The News respectfully solicits the printing of your cards announcing to your friends and those you may meet, your candidacy. The card method of soliciting support has been demonstrated to be good; it helps to become acquainted and will win you votes.

Found Dead on the Streets.

A young man was found dead on the streets of Baton Rouge, supposed to have died from a congestive chill, which could have been prevented by the timely use of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

LOOK HERE!

If you eat, you will be interested in knowing what to buy. Look over this list of delicacies and phone us your orders.

Cupid Relish 25c
Campbell's Salad Dressing (the best) 25c
Heinz Mandalay Sauce 30c
Heinz Worcester Sauce 35c
Heinz Olive Oil 45c
Heinz Prepared Mustard 15c
Heinz Tomato Chutney 30c
Nice bottle Olives 10c

And many other things we can't mention today. We will appreciate your business

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders

FURMAN & CROXTO

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown
GALBRAITH & McKEOWN
LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ

OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

DR. W. T. NOLEN

—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—

Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store

Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

I have opened the

Twelfth Street Meat Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.

Geo. A. Truitt,

Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention
Given to All Work
Entrusted.



Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted
C. J. Warren, Optician

The NICKEL STORE

Where You Save Money on Everything.



We're off for some more To the Nickel Store, In a very great hurry are we; For the best sweets in the land Are the Red Band Brand, And we know where to get them you see.

Chocolates, Bon Bons and all of our Nice Fancy Candies, per lb. 12c

Fine Crockery

Colonial Gold Decorated Cups and Saucers, 10c each or 60c a set.



7 inch plates of the same ware, gold decorated, 60c set.

10 inch platters, gold decorated, 18c each.

7 inch oval meat and vegetable dishes, 18c each.

We sell everything in Ghina, Glassware, Tinware, Enamelware, etc.

Blown Table Tumblers at 5c each.

Butter sets in plain glass, including butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, 39c a set.

Stoneware

Come here for your Stoneware. You will find it here for about half what you generally pay. The usual price is 10c a gallon—buy all you want here at 6c a gallon.

We are selling Stoneware dirt cheap.

Milk Pans or Crocks, 1 gallon, usual price 10c., our price

Milk Pans or Crocks, 1 gallon, usual price 10c., our price Free.

here

Our Stationery Department

This is, has been will be one of the successful in the We sell pens, ink, age, glue, comp books, ledgers, you day books, tablets for pencil and ink, and unrulled 5c.

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, school boxes and school supplies,

The Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop
New location on Main street third door west of Rollow's corner.

Phone 77.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

A WIDELY CELEBRATED TARIFF REFORMER



We speak of the Englishman, Joseph Chamberlain, who recently, on the occasion of the celebration at Birmingham of his seventieth birthday, sent out this characteristic message to the nation: "Treat foreigners as they treat us and treat your kinsmen better than you treat foreigners."

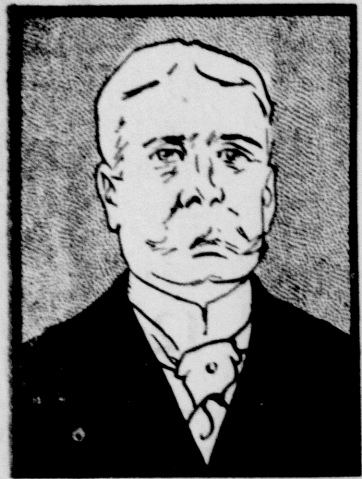
Joseph Chamberlain is immensely popular and immensely unpopular, but appears equal to coping with both friend and foe. When assailed as he was so strongly during the Boer war and its preceding and subsequent problems, his cool, cynical meeting of attacks opposed formidable front to those that attempted to down him.

Early in his career he was three times elected mayor of Birmingham, and during his terms of office carried through many public improvements in the face of obstinate opposition. In 1885 he became member of parliament, soon won distinction, became widely known by reason of the advocacy of popular reforms. For a time he was the recognized elader of the Radical party; but later organized the Liberal Union party which supported the Conservatives, and was called "renegade" by the Home Rulers.

In 1888 he came to this country as chief commissioner, effected an agreement in the Canadian fisheries dispute. This same year he married an American woman, daughter of W. E. Endicott, secretary of war. In 1891 we find Mr. Chamberlain leader of the Liberal Union party in the Commons. In the "coalition ministry" of the Marquis of Salisbury he became colonial secretary and proved himself most zealous in developing the interests of the British colonies.

An ardent disciple of the new diplomacy, Joseph Chamberlain has labored assiduously for an Anglo-American alliance.

THE ADVENTURES OF GENERAL DIAZ



The long, peaceful, highly successful career of President Diaz is not so picturesque as his life the years preceding the occupancy of the presidential chair. And it may be of interest to go back to the days prior to modern, progressive Mexico—modern and progressive largely by reason of the man at the helm—and note the adventures experienced by Porfirio Diaz.

It would seem the count of Monte Cristo had no more call for daring and resourcefulness than Diaz had in that period when Mexico was struggling to reach a national existence. During his soldier days Diaz was thrice made a prisoner and thrice made romantic escape. The first time he broke away from his captors and on horseback dashed over a high stone wall. The second time he outwitted his jailers in the closely guarded prison at Puebla, stole out by night on to the roof of the building where he was confined, then along other roofs and then down a rope in safety to the ground. The last trial and victory was experienced on board a vessel as he was returning from his first visit to the United States. Among the fellow passengers were numbers of his enemies, bitter enemies only longing for a chance to do him harm. Knowing he must forfeit liberty, and perhaps life, as soon as the boat landed, he drew to his aid the purser, with this officer arranged a plot that included a pretense of jumping overboard. The enemies thought he had thus sought escape from them, while really he was safe in a box-couch in the purser's room and listening to the surmises of his foes.

President Diaz' mother was a full-blooded Indian, his father of good Spanish-American blood; and thus the different elements of the country are represented in "Don Porfirio," as the Mexican people affectionately call their ruler.

WINSTON CHURCHILL, AMERICA



Scrubbing and politics not infrequently go hand in hand these days, a man dividing his time between the two. And we would speak of Winston Churchill, author and now candidate for election as governor of New Hampshire. (And over in England there's the other Winston Churchill—undoubtedly the gentleman calls himself the Winston Churchill—who in his time has played soldier, war correspondent, author and politician.)

Our Winston Churchill gave up a naval career to engage in literary work, and now may have to surrender literature if he takes earnestly to politics. The author-politician was born in St. Louis, in 1871, after preliminary schooling entered the United States Naval Academy, graduated therefrom in 1894. Among his early writings were short naval stories which attracted considerable attention. "Richard Carvel" was his first great success; an earlier work, "The Celebrity," "Richard Carvel" was followed by "The Crisis," "Mr. Keegan's Elongement," "The Crossing," and last the political novel, "Coniston."

Mr. Churchill in 1902, now far famed for his writings, entered politics, made a successful campaign for election to the New Hampshire legislature, having for several years made his home in Cornish, N. H. He served in the legislature two years, was a delegate to the last Republican national convention.

BLIND TO DIRECT EDUCATION FOR THE BLIND



Helen Keller, the wonderful blind, deaf and dumb girl, has recently been appointed member of the Massachusetts board of education for the blind. The board was recently created, provided by the Massachusetts legislature largely at the solicitation of Helen Keller.

The wonderful results that have followed the efforts to open the world of thought and beauty to this famous blind girl, have been an inspiration to the world over to workers in behalf of those that cannot see. Miss Keller is a strong believer in industrial training for persons afflicted with blindness, and probably during her service on the board will further with characteristic enthusiasm this training.

Helen Adams Keller is a graduate of Radcliffe college, one of our best schools for women; finished the four years' course, was graduated with the degree A. B. She is author as well as college woman, her literary style of an excellence.

Miss Keller now makes her home in the north, but she comes from the south. She is related to well-known families of both north and south, the Ames and Everetts of New England, the Pottwoods and Lees of Virginia. She was born at Tuscomb, Ala.; at the age of 19 months an illness left her blind and deaf. Until the age of seven years little was done in the way of teaching her, when Miss Anna Sullivan, who had received training at the Perkins Institution in Boston, assumed charge of the unfortunate child. Helen is a little more than a wild animal, very difficult to control. With love and skill her teacher led her out of darkness, to-day she is a bright, splendid woman.

GES BENJAMIN EUGENE CLEMENCEAU



The French minister of the interior is said to have more friends and more enemies than any other man in public life. For half a century he has been the "most radical of Republicans, the severest critic of every administration and the scourge of public officials."

Clemenceau holds the most important post in the cabinet of President Fallieres. Though a thorough politician he has not been an office seeker, for the last ten years has devoted himself rather to journalism than politics, editing a radical journal. Recently his friends, and likewise his enemies, have been greatly surprised by his change of attitude, by his pronouncement that socialism is at variance with every sound doctrine of the republic. That he was able to keep down the recent riots, riots which almost reached the point of revolution, has brought him the confidence of many, to him is given the credit of saving the day.

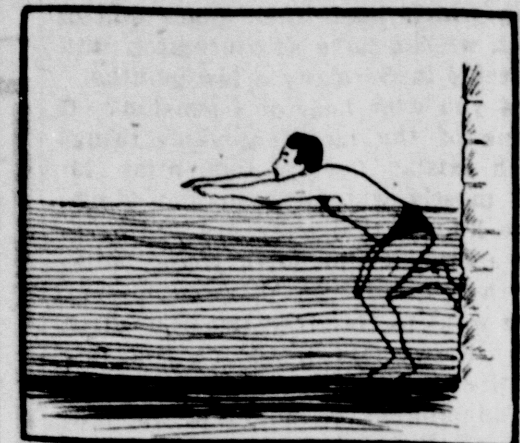
Long ago in his youth, while a medical student, engaging in political disputes cost him his privileges as a student. He decided to try foreign air for his health about this time, and included the states in his travels. When he returned home he completed his studies and began the practice of his profession.

He has written fiction, social studies, trenchant articles on current matters, under the latter we would mention a series in defense of Dreyfus.

HOW TO SWIM CORRECTLY

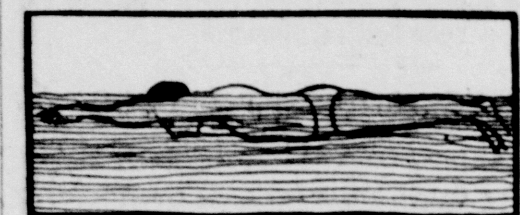
Instructions for Boys and Girls Who Care to Learn Without Professional Teacher.

Stand up to the waist in water; then brace the right foot against a wall, or any solid object; bent knees leaning forward; arms stretched out to their full length in front; thumbs touching each other; palms paralleled with water. Now push off, straightening the body so as to lie face downward, skimming the top of the water. Be careful to do this toward dry land, or in the direction of shallow water. Repeat this as often as you are inclined, endeavoring to increase the push off to a distance of six or eight yards. Hold your breath while lying face downward on the water. Go through the movements perseveringly, for it will take the novice some time before he can master these motions absolutely, says Meyers, the swimming instructor of the Missouri Athletic Club.



THE START.

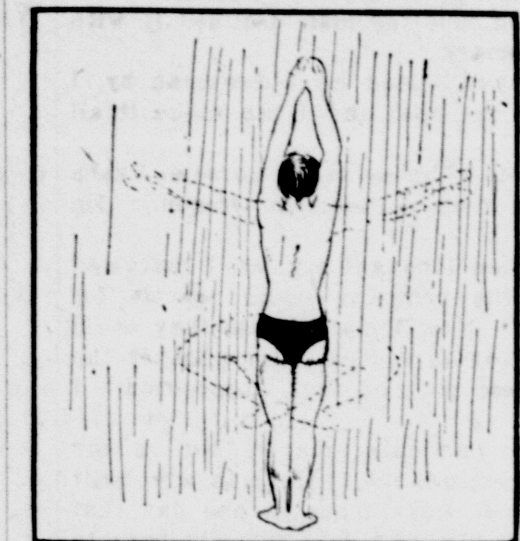
Be particular to keep your body extended to its full length, heels together, toes drawn upward. This is a lesson in creating confidence, because it will show you that your upper body will not sink, although your legs will slowly do so.



AT FULL LENGTH.

The Leg Movement—From a stretched position draw the legs up to position marked 3; then kick sideways as far as possible, bringing the legs together again as in the first position. Repeat the movement slowly but deliberately, and with some force, in one, two, three time measure. After three self-lessons, each spent separately, at the legs and arms movements, try the same together. As you advance from lesson to lesson it will become less tiresome. You will not only enjoy the tonic effect of the cool bath, but the movements of the arms and legs, together with the enforced deep breathing, will greatly improve your bodily functions.

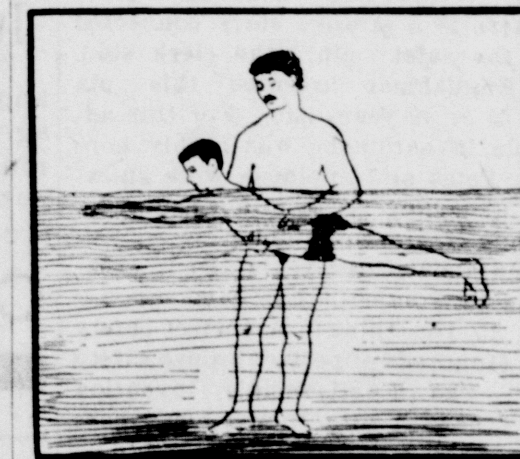
If you are anxious to swim, have a friend accompany you to be of assistance to you in acquiring the art, as well as for safety's sake. Let him support you, as illustrated. Bring your hands, thumbs touching each other, about three inches below the surface, in front of your chin. Head and mouth are now above the water. Deliberately thrust your hands out in front of you, and with outstretched arms describe a quarter circle sideways and downward to about two feet below the surface. Fingers must be held together and scopolike pressed against the water in their movements. The thumbs must be about two inches lower in the water than the fingers. This sideways and downward movement of your arms has a double object of propelling the body forward and upward. Repeat this until tired, and until you have learned to breathe regularly with each stroke of the arms. Do not attempt any leg movements until you have thoroughly mastered the arm movement correctly. Be patient—the most apt pupil, under the best instructor, rarely learns to swim correctly in less than ten lessons.



THE LEG MOVEMENT.

THE PROPER WAY OF ASSISTING.

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The Sacred Tooth.

In a recent lecture in New York an American traveler told of a sacred tooth in India, which for 2,400 years had been an object of worship and for which \$250,000 had been refused. "In hundreds of other shrines in India," he said, "the teeth of human beings are worshiped by Hindus, who above all, value good teeth as the reward of good ancestry and of eternal vigilance in the care of the body."

SOAP-BUBBLE CONTEST.

A Delightful Pastime for Some of the Summer Days When Playing with Your Friends.

Outdoor sports form the chief pleasure of the fine summer days, and one of the most delightful and picturesque diversions is a soap-bubble contest on a tennis court or a lawn.

This sport is productive of much fun if the party is divided, with one-half the number of boys and girls on each side of the net. A table should be placed on each side, near at hand, and on it should be a large bowl of soapy water, with a tablespoonful of glycerine added, as this adds to the beauty of the bubbles and makes them last longer. Clay pipes should be provided for the players, and they should be tied with ribbons denoting the respective sides.

The girls make the bubbles and the boys blow them over the net, and also try to prevent their opponents' bubbles from coming over the net.



THE GAME IN PROGRESS.

into their court. Each bubble that floats over the net counts 15 points for the side from which it came, and, of course, the side scoring highest within a given time wins.

Pretty prizes for this sport would be a basket of tiny bouquets of summer flowers for the winning side.

A bubble game may also be played on a long table placed on the lawn and covered with a woolen cloth. Ribbon-bound wickets should be placed at intervals, and the players, divided into two sides, take turns, by sides, in trying to blow the bubbles through the wickets.

Each player blows three different bubbles for a turn, and scores five points for every wicket passed. If the first bubble is blown through the first wicket, the second bubble is to be blown from there, the player trying to blow it through the second wicket; and the third bubble is blown from where the second bubble passed.

If, however, the first bubble breaks before passing the first wicket, the second bubble must try for that goal before it can pass the second.

This is very entertaining sport, and it may be varied by offering a series of prizes, as follows: For the biggest bubble, for the bubble with the most brilliant hues, for the greatest number blown from one pipe, or for the longest chain of bubbles.

For the chain of bubbles, a wooden pipe is used in the shape of a mallet, the head of which is a hollow tube like the stem.

In prize contests, the players will find it pleasant to try in pairs, the two pipes having colored ribbons alike, and each player finding his or her partner by matching the ribbons.

A Good Time to Learn.

The fellow who gets angry at you is pretty apt to say some unpleasant, cutting things; but if, instead of losing your own temper, you will listen to him calmly, he is almost certain to present among the complaints one or more faults that you had never before thought of, and that your friends hated to tell you about. Sometimes our loudest-voiced enemy may prove to be our very best friend—just because he shows us our worst faults in their most unsavory light.—Farm Journal.

Favorite Card Game of Japanese.

A game popular with both grown people and children in Japan is played as follows:

One hundred well-known proverbs are selected, each divided into two parts, each part printed on a separate card. The host has the hundred first halves while he reads aloud, one by one. The hundred second halves are dealt to the other players, who place their hands upward upon the "Tatami," or thick mat of rich straw on which they sit. As the first half of any proverb is read, the holder of the second half throws it out, or, if he sees it unnoticed among his neighbors, seizes it and gives him one of his own. The player who is first "out" wins. It is a very simple game, but it affords a great deal of amusement to the players, for the quick-sighted and keen-witted are constantly seizing the cards of their duller and slower neighbors. This leads to much laughter and good-natured teasing.

Making Hand Prints.

Look closely at the inside of the fingers near the tips. You will see furrows running in curved lines. They appear like mere lines, but if you look at them through a magnifying glass you will see that they are really furrows. Or rub chalk or powder over them, and they will be outlined in white.

It is said that no two persons have these markings exactly alike, and also that the markings remain the same through life in each individual. You may test this by taking a print of your own. Spread some ink thinly over a piece of glass or paper. When the ink is nearly dry, press the fingers on it lightly, and then on a piece of clean white paper. A few trials will give you some very good prints. By taking these prints every year, you may find out for yourself whether these lines remain unchanged.

THE SHELLBARK HICKORY —IT IS A NEGLECTED NUT.

Select Only the Finest Nuts for Planting—Will Come Into Bearing in Fifteen Years.

When we consider the great interest manifested by horticulturists everywhere in the improvement of all kinds of fruits and vegetables, it seems quite remarkable that a nut like the shellbark has been so conspicuously neglected. But there are those who are champions of the nut, and who have the courage of their convictions, and plant the trees, the fruits of which they must wait long and patiently for. J. W. Kerr, of Caroline county, Maryland, relates his experiences in planting nut trees, which will be of interest and profit, we trust, to others, and may create a desire to establish a nut grove, too.

Mr. Kerr secured "a generous installment of splendid nuts from a grower in Pennsylvania." Selecting from these the finest and largest nuts, they were planted.

Some of the trees, says Mr. Kerr, were left to grow in the row where the seed was planted. Most of them, though, were transplanted when four years old. In the removal of the

Oblique—Open, or loose-headed, leaves large and distinct, sheds early. Nut oblique-oval compressed, above medium size, meat separates easily from shell, season early, fairly prolific. Hulls thick.

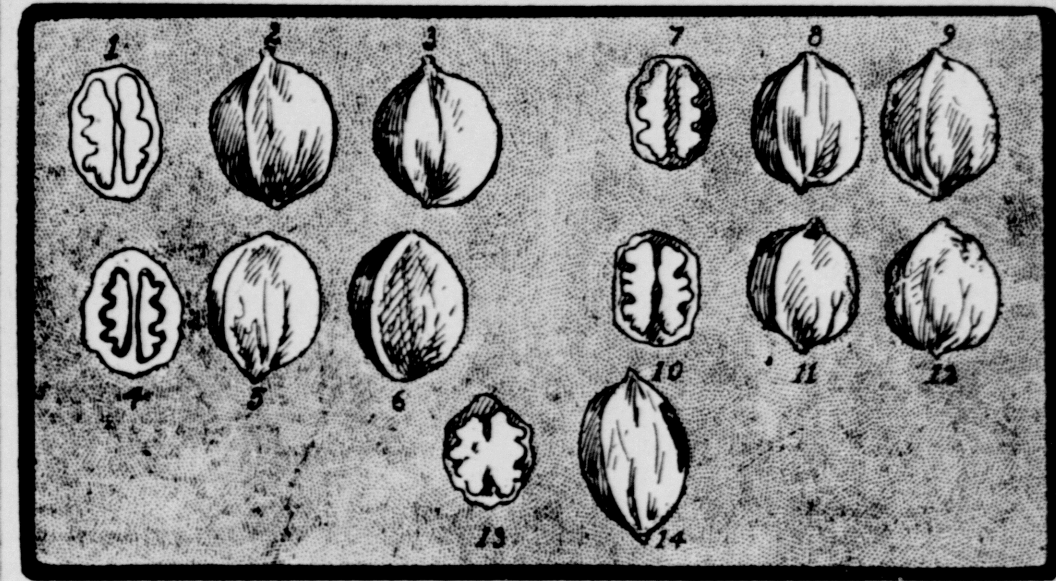
Norton—Close-headed, sheds foliage early. Nut short oval compressed, ribbed, opens nicely, season early, good bearer. Hulls thick.

Deweese—Rather open-headed, with quite heavy and stubby twigs, foliage falls medium early. Nut cordate-squarish compressed, moderately ribbed, kernels separate from shells easily, season medium, very productive. Hulls medium thick.

Roosevelt—Close-headed and very strong grower, foliage drops early. Nut short and compressed, very large and prominently ribbed, season early. Hulls thin, comparatively.

I do not regard this as a true shellbark, although grown from select shellbark nut. The shell is quite thick, and the meat possesses the flavor of the ordinary thick-shelled hickory nut.

Kerr—Branchy, rather spreading,



A GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.

(1, 2, 3, Norton; 4, 5, 6, Underwood; 7, 8, 9, Jump; 10, 11, 12, Oblique; 13, 14, Kerr.)

trees, all the long, straight tap-roots that could possibly be saved were taken up undamaged, and holes sufficiently deep to admit these without bending were prepared to receive them. Not a tree was lost by the transplanting.

Some were more prompt and vigorous in starting off, and these still continue to lead in size of trees. A like difference is, however, apparent with those that were not transplanted.

There was no difference between the removed trees and those not removed as to the time they began to bear. Some of the removed trees are larger now than most of those not transplanted. Whether or not it is essential to leave the long tap-roots on for best results did not enter as a question in these operations—"the new horticulture" was not in existence at the time.

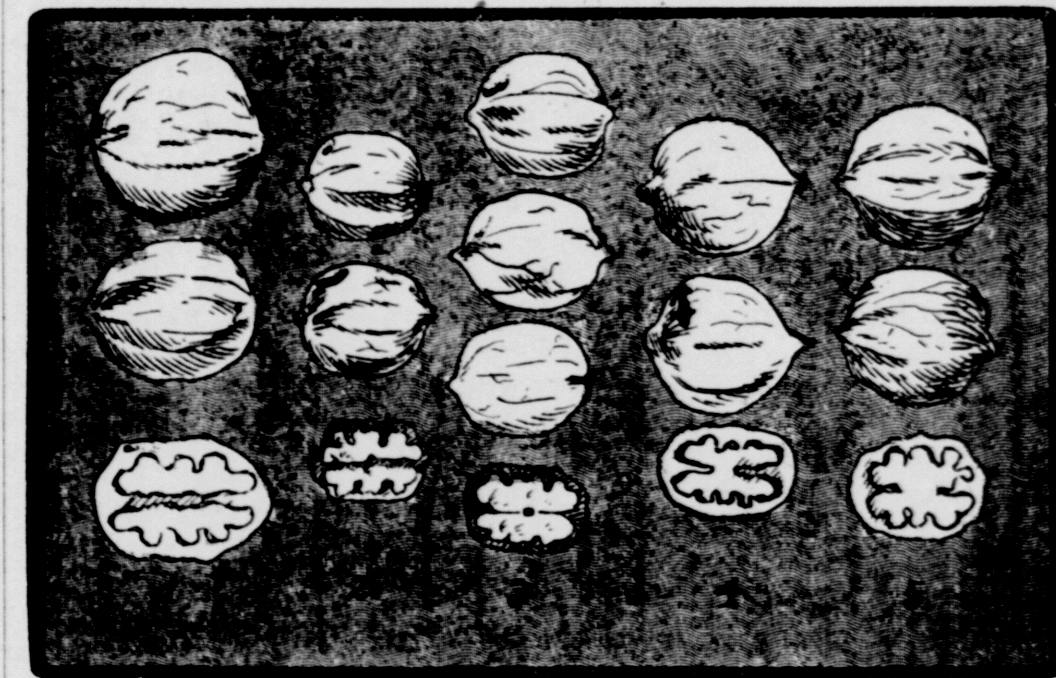
A later planting had the tap-roots cut by running the tree-digger under

holds foliage very late, even into the winter. Nut elliptical pointed, above medium size, moderately ribbed, cracks handsomely, season medium. Hulls medium thick.

Senator Roe—Moderately close-headed, sheds leaves early. Nut oblique-roundish, large, moderately ribbed; meat easily separated from shell, season medium. Hulls thick.

Burchard—Rather close-headed, foliage drops early. Nut squarish-oval, strongly compressed, slightly ribbed, cracks right, season medium early, very productive. Hulls thick.

As before stated, the nuts from which these trees were grown were planted in the fall of 1885. Most of them have been bearing four years; there are some that have their first nuts yet to produce, so that it requires all of 15 years to get shellbarks into bearing from the seed.—It is claimed by the vendors of pecan trees that they



ANOTHER GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.

(1, Roosevelt; 2, Burchard; 3, Waugh; 4, Dewees; 5, Senator Roe.)

them when two years old, and again when three years old, and transplanted at five years' growth. When taken up for transplanting, these trees all had tap-roots, but instead of a single straight root, from three to seven; these were cut off smoothly to a uniform length of two feet from the collar. A few of these died; none have grown as vigorously as those of the first planting, but there is still nothing decisive in this, as they were set on land quite different in character. If planting again, I would adhere to the plan practiced with the first lot.

Some of these have been named, and samples submitted to very competent scientific authority. To better display the eccentricities of nature as exhibited in the wide variations of these nuts from the original types—none of which are reproduced—photographs giving exact natural size and structural formation of interiors were taken, and cuts of these made in turn by the Country Gentleman, and from which our illustrations herewith given were made.

Underwood—Tree moderately close-headed, holds foliage fairly late. Nut above medium to large size, slightly ribbed, cracks nicely, season early, productive. Hulls thick.

Waugh—Branchy, or close-headed, affording large bearing areas; sheds foliage early. Nut squarish-oval, large, obscurely ribbed, shell thin, separates readily from kernel, fine quality, season medium, very productive. Hulls thick.

Jump—Medium branchy, holds leaves well. Nut oval compressed, strongly ribbed, cracks right, season past medium, tree a heavy bearer. Hulls thick.

come into bearing at five or six years—the grafted trees. I have one tree grafted below the surface when the stock was three years old that is 15 years old, but so far has failed to bear.

Wire Worms Can Be Controlled

Every farmer is familiar with wire worms and their work, and knows that no remedy has yet proved effective over large areas. The only satisfactory way to control these insects is by preventive measures.



The adults are insects which vary in size from a fraction of an inch to more than an inch. A typical one and its larva is shown in the cut. Those in which the farmer is interested lay eggs in grass lands and weedy fields during May. In general the young are usually brown, hard bodied creatures, and are popularly known as wire worms. They feed on roots for one, two and three seasons before reaching maturity.

Such being the life habits no insecticide is effective. Preventive measures, says Orange Judd Farmer, commence with plowing in early summer for crimson clover to be turned under in autumn each year for two or three years. The first plowing removes the food; the second disturbs the remaining worms. An early crop such as cabbage should be planted each season until the land is free. This should be off before crimson clover sowing time arrives. Short rotations and variety of crops will prevent further trouble.

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Showers.

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 88 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 25, 1906

NUMBER 133

REGULATIONS GOVERNING SALE AND LEASING OF LANDS

Regulations governing the leasing and sale of lands allotted to or inherited by fullblood Indians of the five civilized tribes have been issued by the secretary of the interior. They cover leases of all kinds and the sale of lands.

Under the heading, "Leases," the regulations provide that fullblood Indian allottees of the five tribes may, subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior, lease their homesteads for agricultural purposes in case of their disability on account of infirmity or age, and where leases are submitted for approval covering homestead lands, the affidavit of a physician or other satisfactory evidence must be furnished.

All leases for mineral purposes covering the homestead, surplus and inherited lands of fullblood Indians of the five tribes, all leases for agricultural purposes for periods in excess of one year covering such lands, and all leases for agricultural purposes for one year or less affecting the homesteads of such Indians, must be made in accordance with these regulations and approved by the secretary, but leases covering homesteads must not include other lands.

Three years is the maximum lease allowed; five years for agricultural purposes, and fifteen years for mineral purposes. All improvements placed on the lands by the lessee to an agricultural or grazing lease, or anyone holding under him as a sublessee, or otherwise, shall, at the expiration of the lease, be and become the property of the owner of the land. This regulation is applicable to all improvements and buildings placed upon lands leased for mineral purposes, except tools, boilers, boiler houses, pipe lines, pumping and drilling outfits, tanks, engines, casings of all dry or exhausted wells and machinery.

"All original lessees, except of mineral lands, as hereinafter provided," says one section, "shall be required to

furnish a bond, executed by two or more sufficient sureties. Each mineral lease must be accompanied by an application under oath by the lessee, and each applicant will be required to state that the application is not made for speculation, but in good faith, and where the lease is for mining purposes, for mining the mineral specified, including oil and gas."

In all mineral leases it must be provided that only so much of the surface of the land described as may be reasonably necessary to carry on the work contemplated may be occupied by the lessee.

Bonds must be in amounts as follows: For leases covering 40 acres and less than 80, \$1000; 80 acres and less than 120, \$1500; 120 acres and not more than 160, \$2000, and for each 40 acre tract, or fractional part thereof, above 160 acres, \$500; but the right is reserved to increase the amount of such bonds.

No lease shall be sublet, transferred or assigned without the consent and approval of the secretary of the interior.

All leases shall provide for the payment of advance annual royalty in sums of not less than 15 cents per acre per annum for the first and second years, 30 cents per acre per annum for the third and fourth years, and 75 cents per acre per annum for the fifth and each succeeding year thereafter for the term for which the lease is to run, the sums thus paid to be a credit on the stipulated royalties, should the same exceed in one year the amount of the advanced payment.

Oil and gas leases are limited to 4800 acres to a person or corporation, as at present.

Royalties required on coal and asphalt leases are as follows: On asphaltum, 10 cents per ton for each and every ton of crude asphalt, or 60 cents per ton on refined asphalt; on the production of all coal mined, 8 cents per ton, mine run, including slack; all royalties to be paid monthly.

NEW STATE'S CORN CROP IS A RECORD BREAKER

Guthrie, Ok., Aug. 25.—The biggest and best crop of corn ever raised in Oklahoma is now standing in the field. It is now ripening and much of it will be ready for shucking in thirty days. In some parts of the territory the corn in the fields is being shocked, but as a rule the crop is still growing and maturing.

The reports are similar across both territories from Arkansas to the Panhandle and from the Sunflower state to the Red river. Nothing like it in corn was ever seen before in this territory. Up in Kay county, which generally carries off the belt annually for the biggest crops, some of the crop is already made, the average field indicating a yield of from fifty to sixty bushels per acre, while many fields will make from seventy-five to ninety bushels per acre. This has been the greatest growing year Oklahoma has ever had, and the frequent rains—although they may have damaged the wheat and the peaches to a great extent—have made the corn crop one that will be talked about for decades to come.

Indian Territory is also raising her banner corn crop this year. Thousands of acres in the vicinity of Hollenbeck will make from sixty to seventy-five

bushels per acre. It will be ready to harvest in thirty days, and the farmers for the first time will shuck the greater part of the crop. Heretofore it has been the custom to snap the corn. Two elevators have been erected at Holdenville to handle the crop.

There has been a big increase in the acreage of corn in Indian Territory this year. This is due largely to the fact that a large part of the new immigration to the Territory has been from the corn growing states, where the farmers do not know anything about growing cotton. In addition, there was a lot of new land broken last spring and much of it was planted in corn. The increased acreage in Indian Territory is placed at 20 per cent over last season. The ground has been in excellent condition and the weather conditions for corn were never better.

Municipal Ownership Pays.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 25.—An examination of the municipality owned city water plant reveals the fact that South McAlester is making between \$6,000 and \$7,000 a year out of her water revenue. The friends of municipal ownership are much gratified.

Shook up a... keho 12-8td



RESIDENCE OF DR. N. B. SHANDS

THE PARTY WHICH AFFORDS PROTECTION FOR THE PEOPLE

Two parties must decide the question of who shall control the constitutional convention. It will be either republican or democratic. No matter what party or creed which may be espoused by the voter, he cannot hope to express his convictions in a manner that will be effective except through one or the other of the dominant parties.

This is not said with a view to causing any voter to quit his party, but it is said as a matter of fact that is understood by every voter acquainted with conditions in the new state. The issues of the campaign are easily understood. It is a question with the voter which of the parties will serve his best interest, and the interest of posterity.

One of the great questions that concerns every man, woman and child of the new state is whether or not the negro shall be accorded the right to go to school with the whites, or whether he shall be provided with schools for his children and the races separated—whether the negro shall be permitted to crowd into the same coaches with our wives and daughters, or be provided with separate coaches of the same grade and quality.

Another of no less importance is the question of the initiative and referendum, the only means placed in the hands of the common people to protect

themselves from the aversion of corporations that ask special privileges at the hands of legislatures. These two questions alone are quite enough to cause every citizen of the new state to consider seriously where he will cast his vote for the delegate to the constitutional convention.

There is no question as to where the democratic party stands on these questions, and there is little doubt where the republican party stands, though it may not make any declarations regarding them. Democracy is for the women and children of the new state, and for the future welfare of posterity. Its declarations on the matter of separate schools and separate coaches are specific and open, as are the declarations for the initiative and referendum.

The republican party has always been for mixed schools, and in all states where the republicans are in control have refused to pass separate school and coach laws. The record of the republican party on the initiative is enough to convince all that it will not accept those measures for the protection of the people. Wherever given an opportunity that party has refused to adopt such measures, and Oklahoma is on record against them. The voter who wants the protection that goes to make a better state for themselves and their children, will have to turn to the democratic party for help.

1,000 VICTIMS BURIED AND 1,000 YET REMAIN

Valparaiso, Aug. 24.—as the result of the splendid courage of the people and with the co-operation of the city government Valparaiso will be re-built within a few years on finer and more beautiful lines than before the disaster of August 16.

The rain last night caused most of the people to desert the tents which they have occupied and return to their houses. Almost all the walls are cracked, but there was no violent tremor during the night or today. Many of the people had to walk long distances carrying their bedclothes on their shoulders.

There are no conflagrations, but the blowing up of damaged and dangerous structures with dynamite continues. Otherwise the town has assumed an almost normal position. Many business houses have been reopened.

The residence on Victoria and Algere hills, which are occupied principally by Americans, Englishmen and Germans, suffered comparatively little damage.

In the quarter of the city which suffered most severely entire streets have been wiped out.

One thousand of those who were killed by the earthquake have been buried and there are more than 1,000 corpses beneath the ruins.

CUBAN INSURGENTS MAY, OVERTHROW GOVERNMENT

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 24.—Passengers from Havana say that panic prevails there and that President Palma is virtually a prisoner in his palace.

The steamship Gussie, arriving here today from Havana, was loaded to its full capacity with tobacco, which is being rushed out of the island by the insurgents.

Indications are that the situation on the island is much worse than is known to the outside world.

It is reported here today that an encounter has taken place near San Juan Hill between government forces under Lieut. Acuy and the insurgents, with the tide in favor of the latter.

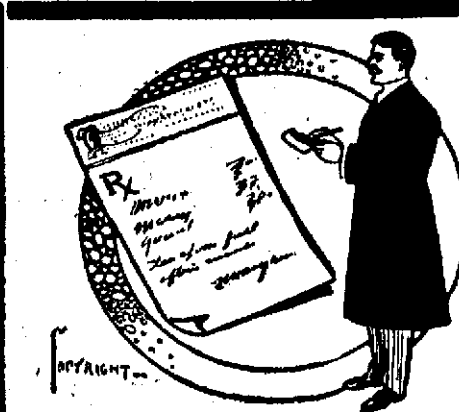
Many people are said to be disappearing at Guanajay, who are believed to be joining the insurgents.

Efforts are being made to trace an American woman here in whose rooms in the Hotel Leal at Havana the plot to assassinate President Palma is said to have been hatched.

Unique Bridge Finances.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 25.—This city and the adjacent Choctaw Nation will form an association to build bridges, trusting to the county to reimburse them when it is formed by buying their bridges from them. It is on such a plan that the bridges over Coal creek will be built. The bridge will cost \$35,000, of which sum nearly \$2,000 has already been collected.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-1f



A GOOD DOCTOR

is a broad minded man, and one who has the interest of his patient at heart and does all in his power to care for his patient. The best doctors' skill and ability is of little consequence if his prescriptions are filled by incompetent druggists and with impure drugs. Our prescription department is the largest and most complete of any in the city and is composed of the purest drugs and chemicals and compounded by experienced druggists. Consequently the best results are obtained. We can fill any prescription written by any physician in the city. You do not need to take them elsewhere because they are written on other druggists' stationery.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.
(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

Money to Loan

On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates.

Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.

GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.

DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Cit. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Bolen)

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

MASON DRUG COMPANY

Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand

Clean, Pure, Uptodate Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solicited.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Inter-married Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.

W. H. EBEL, Pres. and Manager, — ADA, IND. TER.

A Full Line of

May Manton Bazar PATTERNS

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249. Office at Ice Plant

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$68,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter



RESIDENCE OF DR. H. BROWALL

LOCAL NEWS

Have you voted?
Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

Master Chisholm Barnett returned today from a week's visit in Konawa. Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only. 133-tf

Jesse Mauldin, of Konawa, was here today.

Helms pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 70. 133-tf

Buy Big A flour if you want the best. 131-St. Ada Milling Co.

Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-tf

Miss Grace Hardin is visiting in Konawa.

We sell flour and bran cheap. Try us and be convinced. 131-St. Phone 66.

rice Big A flour before you buy if you want the best for less than you can buy inferior brands. 131-St. Ada Milling Co.

Medames Sledge and McMillan were visitors in Stonewall Friday and Saturday.

It's worth while to buy your cigars at the Smokehouse. A box free to customers every night. 123 6td

Annie Reed went to Stonewall today.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

The friends of A. K. Thornton will be glad to learn of his continued improvement.

Play a game of pool at the Smokehouse and get a box of cigars. 123 6td

D. A. Spears, of Owl, was in the city this morning en route to his home from the Madill oil field. He said it looked good to him.

Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz. Phone 70. 133-tf

Our business affairs have been permanently and satisfactorily arranged and we have resumed business. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 130d5w1 MASON DRUG CO.

Best bran in town 80c per 100 pounds. Phone 66. 131-St.

Rev. M. A. Cassidy returned from Denison Friday.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and county. 130d5w1

Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods. 133-tf.

E. T. Steed returned Friday night from Kansas City and St. Louis, where he purchased his fall and winter stock of dry goods and gents' furnishings.

LOST—Gold mounted back-comb; made of white ivory and has one pearl on each end, two amethysts in middle. Lost between F. J. Etter's and Dr. Faust's residences. Return to News office and get reward. 132 d3t

FOR SALE—Eighty acres of land 2 1-2 miles southeast of Oklahoma City. A bargain if taken at once. Will accept some Ada property. W. W. Rader. 133 3t

From John Miller.

We are in receipt of a letter from John Miller who is at Fletcher, Ok. After requesting that the Evening News be sent him, he adds: "I have been in Montague county, Texas, for the past three weeks. Crops are good in Texas and they are fine here, too. But we haven't seen anything that beats Ada yet. Ada is o. k. for it is our home."

"Fletcher is a nice little town on the Frisco railroad, twenty miles north of Lawton and thirty miles southwest of Chickasha. Fletcher has thirteen dry goods and grocery stores, one drug store, one saloon and one bank."

"Success to the News and its many readers. Yours Respectfully, John Miller."

"P. S. How is the water problem in Ada?"

Wanted.

Boy about 12 or 13 years of age; one who is not going to school. 130-4t Apply at Telephone office.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workman-ship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children.

CHAPMAN
The Shoe Man.

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?

Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer?

[Signature]

[Street Address]

A Great Revival.

The revival will begin at the Christian church Friday evening, September 7th, 1906. The meetings will be conducted by C. F. Trimble, state evangelist, of Oklahoma. He will have with him Prof. O'Neal and wife of Springfield, Mo., who will have charge of the song service. Both are fine singers and come highly recommended. Make ready for a great meeting for it is surely coming. 131d3

Religious Debate.

A religious debate will begin Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at the Homer schoolhouse, on the Conway road, 3 miles east of town. Rev. Norman, of Francis, and Parson Dassey, of Milburn, are the debaters. Everybody invited.

J. A. Biles returned from Ardmore Come in and deposit your vote. Friday afternoon. He returned via Madill to see the gas gusher.

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf

Judge J. M. Doss is reported no better today.

Box of cigars given away every night this week at Smokehouse. 123 6td

Services at the Baptist church Sunday, morning and evening.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

You are invited to hear Brother Harrell at the Baptist church Sunday.

The only exclusive cigar stand in town, the Smokehouse. Why not patronize it? 123 6td

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

Col. B. M. Camp, one of Hopkins county's leading truck growers was the guest of his old friends Shed and Andy Chapman Friday.

Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

Gus Angelly told us today that he was our friend by presenting us with two delicious watermelons. Thank you Angelly.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs.—P. K. Smith. 126-tf

Rev. M. A. Cassidy left today for Holdenville, where he will conduct a two weeks meeting.

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

The protracted meeting will begin at the Christian church tomorrow. You are invited.

Free smoking at the Smokehouse. Draw a box and smoke up. 123 6td

If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shoat, also an organ for a pony. 120-24t w18-4t Lee Smith.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" never grows old. There runs through it a vein of pathos peculiarly touching and sweet. It speaks the universal language of the heart. It reflects like a prism the innermost phases of the human emotion. It is more than a play. It is a moral classic. It argues for two of the greatest themes that can enthuse the mind: human liberty and the immortality of the soul. Notwithstanding its frequent production, it is seldom that one sees the play as it is now presented by J. D. Chunn's colossal spectacle company. It is like meeting an old friend after many years. The management doubtless believes in the maxim, "What's worth doing is worth doing well." They have brought together in this production all the requisites that go to make up a first class entertainment. J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin company will exhibit at Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 23.

REV. HARRELL.

The Baptist Minister from Texas Here Sunday.

Rev. T. B. Harrell, of Mt. Vernon, Texas, who has made quite a reputation as an evangelist, will preach at the Baptist church Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. As stated in Thursday's News, Mr. Harrell is a very strong man, and he will benefit all who hear him.

How About "Glenada."

Judge Currie thinks that by prefixing "glen" to our city's name a charming combination will be secured—"Glenada." "Glen" has often been used in compounding names of places, and invariably the compound has a beautiful and poetic ring.

Couldn't Find Language.

Senator Clay of Georgia, was telling Senator Pettus of Alabama, about an unfair, browbeating and unfair federal judge in the South. "He is —, he is —, he is —," said Senator Clay, hesitating for a word. "I understand you perfectly, senator," Senator Pettus said. "You are a Baptist, and your religion does not furnish the words necessary to properly describe such a man."

Lynching Souvenir.

Souvenir postal cards bearing pictures of two negroes as they appeared swinging from the limb of a tree on the morning after they were lynched have been mailed at Salisbury, N. C., which place apparently takes pride in the lynching. The postal cards have been held up pending a decision by the department authorities in Washington whether such things can properly be transmitted through the mails. There ought to be no doubt about the decision. —Kansas City Journal.

Sabbath School Exercises.

On the first Sunday in October the First Presbyterian Sunday school will have a children's exercise. Every child of the Sunday school and others are cordially invited to join in on this occasion. Parts and envelopes will be given out tomorrow morning at the 9:45 service. Let all be on hand at that time. The teachers and leaders are especially urged to be there.

Mighty Weak.

Oliver Wendell Holmes was invited to deliver a lecture in a town in the central part of Massachusetts. He was not feeling very well and he wrote the following reply to the committee in declining to accept the invitation. "I am far from being in good physical health, and I am satisfied that if I were offered a \$50 bill after my lecture I should not have strength enough to refuse it."

To Candidates.

The News will print you a soliciting card that guarantees a pleasant introduction.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and country. 130d5w1

Chance at box of cigars with each 10c spent at Smokehouse. 123 6td

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129-tf

Program A. Y. M. B. S.

Sunday, August 26, 1906. Services held at First Presbyterian church, promptly at 8 o'clock.

Song.
Opening prayer.
Roll call.
Lesson: Fourth chapter of Nehemiah. Leader, J. W. Beard.
General discussion. Leader, Oral Harper.
Prayer.
Song.
Rolls opened for new members.
Benediction.
Every man and boy will be most cordially welcomed. Every Christian is especially urged to "line up" with this society.

Notice to Merchants Everywhere.

The Ada News wishes to learn what Dry Goods Merchant in the country uses such a trade mark that they would indicate the cost of certain goods by a Triangle, followed by the letter W, the selling price beneath being plainly marked 12 1-2 cents. If such a house is located soon, it may result in the righting of a great wrong. Other papers please copy.

We Challenge for Them to Their Own Country, But They Have a "Pension."

The German girl leaves school at about 15 years of age, by which time she has learned to sew, mend, and supposedly to speak English and French. She has not learned higher mathematics, says Modern Women, but she has learned the small things which fit a girl for a housewife or companion, and that in Germany is woman's only sphere. However much we American girls may enjoy our colleges we dare not pity the German girls, for they have something which takes their place and of which we can have no conception until we reside in Germany a few months. Did you ever hear of a pension? It is one of the most enjoyable things which exists. Certain influential ladies, mostly widows or maiden aunts, make known that they are willing to take a limited number of young ladies into their family.

We went to Hanover, two of us girls, with a horror and dread of a boarding school, as we heard a pension described. We found ourselves in a family of eight girls, all from the very best class of Germans, and all placed under Frau von H—'s care for a year or more.

None of the girls had any special object in life: a few wanted to learn how to keep house, a few indulged in an hour's music lesson per week, but most of them came, as is the German custom, for the sake of becoming polished, and being escorted to concerts, theaters, balls, receptions, student Kneipes, etc., opportunities not afforded in smaller cities, and even not in many cities that are larger than Hanover. Consequently our chaperon accepted invitations for her girls, parties were given and the great intimate family spent a year full of pleasure.

HORSE AND HORSELESS.

The Animal and the Auto Each Do the Other an Occasional Good Turn.

A farmer in Cadiz, Ind., recently jacked up his automobile to serve in lieu of a broken engine in the shelling of corn and cutting of fodder for his live stock and horses. The latter partook of their share of the feed without showing any hard feeling toward their deadly rival, the auto.

One man who has been touring the country says that the horses have accepted the automobile more gracefully than the farmers have.

He tells the story of an automobile that who met an elderly couple driving a skittish horse which decidedly objected to passing the unknown vehicle. The driver of the car stopped to offer his aid, but the man declined it with the remark:

"If you'll lead my old woman by, I guess the horse and I can make it all right."

Another horse and horseless yarn comes from a man in Oregon. He says:

"When I bought my car, I marveled that the company could sell it for \$1,550. Now I marvel that they could sell it at any price. Marveling is the cheapest part of the proposition, I find."

"My particular marvel out in my barn reminds me of the man who built so much stone fence in one day that it took him two days to walk back to where he began. My car will take me sometimes so far from home in two hours that it takes the rest of the day for me to drive home with a providentially hired horse."

FACTS ABOUT SAFETY PIN.

Obliging Clerk Imparts Interesting Information Concerning the Article.

"One dozen safety pins. Twelve cents. Thank you, madam," said the clerk. "Your change will be here in one moment."

She was very pretty. He was young. A conversation sprang up. "There is a strange story connected with the safety pin," the clerk said. "An Englishman invented this pin some 30 or 40 years ago. For this admirable invention he was highly honored. Fetes and applause were showered upon him. If I am not mistaken, the man was even knighted."

"And about three years ago, in excavating in Pompeii, they came upon—what do you think? A perfect safety pin. Hundreds of perfect bronze safety pins. The Englishman's invention wasn't new at all. It was 2,000 years old."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

MIKADO'S SELF DENIAL.

Refused Heat in Palace While His Soldiers Were Freezing in the Field.

In the bitter cold of last winter—1904-1905—the mikado not content with the fullest official reports, sent his grand master to look into the conditions at the front, to ascertain by visiting every camp and outpost, how the soldiers were faring. When Count Hikkata returned with his harrowing tale of frightful suffering caused by the cold, the emperor was broken-hearted, says World's Work. Nothing more could be done—the Manchurian winter must drag its icy season through—but the emperor would not through his ease while his men were freezing, and the order to discontinue all heating of the palace till the war should be over showed that his sympathy was with them day by day.

The News especially wishes the printing of your cards announcing to your friends and those you may meet, your candidacy. The card method of soliciting support has been demonstrated to be good; it helps to become acquainted and will win you votes.

Found Dead on the Streets.

A young man was found dead on the streets of Baton Rouge, supposed to have died from a congestive chill, which could have been prevented by the timely use of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

LOOK HERE!

If you eat, you will be interested in knowing what to buy. Look over this list of delicacies and phone us your orders.

Cupid Relish 25c
Campbell's Salad Dressing (the best) 25c
Heinz Mandalay Sauce. 30c
Heinz Worcester Sauce 85c
Heinz Olive Oil..... 45c
Heinz Prepared Mustard 15c
Heinz Tomato Chutney 80c
Nice bottle Olives..... 10c

And many other things we can't mention today. We will appreciate your business

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders

FURMAN & CROXTO

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tem D. McKeown
GALBRAITH & McKEOWN
LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ

OSTEOPATH
Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

DR. W. T. NOLEN

—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—
Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store
Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

I have opened the
Twelfth Street Meat Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.

Geo. A. Truitt,

Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention

Given to All Work

Entrusted.

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Entrusted.

Entrusted.

Entrusted.

The NICKEL STORE

Where You Save Money on Everything.



We're off for some more To the Nickel Store, In a very great hurry are we; For the best sweets in the land Are the Red Band Brand, And we know where to get them you see.

Chocolates, Bon Bons and all of our Nice Fancy Candies, per lb. 12c

Fine Crockery

Colonial Gold Decorated Cups and Saucers, 10c each or 60c a set.



7 inch plates of the same ware, gold decorated, 60c set.

10 inch platters, gold decorated, 18c each.

7 inch oval meat and vegetable dishes, 18c each.

We sell everything in Ghina, Glassware, Tinware, Enamelware, etc.

Blown Table Tumblers at 5c each.

Butter sets in plain glass, including butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, 39c a set.

Stoneware

Come here for your Stoneware. You will find it here for about half what you generally pay. The usual price is 10c a gallon—buy all you want here at 6c a gallon. We are selling Stoneware dirt cheap. Milk Pans or Crock, 1 gallon, usual price 10c., our price..... Free. Milk Pans or Crock, 1 gallon, usual price 10c., our price..... Free.

Our Stationery Department

This is, has been, will be one of the successful in the city. We sell pens, ink, age, glue, comp books, ledgers, jou day books, tablets for pencil and ink, and unruled 5c.

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, school boxes and school supplies.

The Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop

New location on Main street third door west of Rollow's corner.

Phone 77.

Phone 77.

Phone 77.

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Phone 77.

Phone 77.

Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted

C. J. Warren, Optician

C. J. Warren, Optician

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IN THE PUBLIC EYE

A WIDELY CELEBRATED TARIFF REFORMER



We speak of the Englishman, Joseph Chamberlain, who recently, on the occasion of the celebration at Birmingham of his seventieth birthday, sent out this characteristic message to the nation: "Treat foreigners as they treat us and treat your kinsmen better than you treat foreigners."

Joseph Chamberlain is immensely popular and immensely unpopular, but appears equal to coping with both friend and foe. When assailed as he was so strongly during the Boer war and its preceding and subsequent problems, his cool, cynical meeting of attacks opposed formidable front to those that attempted to down him.

Early in his career he was three times elected mayor of Birmingham, and during his terms of office carried through many public improvements in the face of obstinate opposition. In 1885 he became member of parliament, soon won distinction, became widely known by reason of the advocacy of popular reforms. For a time he was the recognized leader of the Radical party; but later organized the Liberal Union party which supported the Conservatives, and was called "renegade" by the Home Rulers.

In 1888 he came to this country as chief commissioner, effected an agreement in the Canadian fisheries dispute. This same year he married an American woman, daughter of W. B. Endicott, secretary of war. In 1891 we find Mr. Chamberlain leader of the Liberal Union party in the Commons. In the "coalition ministry" of the Marquis of Salisbury he became colonial secretary and proved himself most zealous in developing the interests of the British colonies.

An ardent disciple of the new diplomacy, Joseph Chamberlain has labored assiduously for an Anglo-American alliance.

THE ADVENTURES OF GENERAL DIAZ



The long, peaceful, highly successful career of President Diaz is not so picturesque as his life the years preceding the occupancy of the presidential chair. And it may be of interest to go back to the days prior to modern, progressive Mexico—modern and progressive largely by reason of the man at the helm—and note the adventures experienced by Porfirio Diaz.

It would seem the count of Monte Cristo had no more call for daring and resourcefulness than Diaz had in that period when Mexico was struggling to reach a national existence. During his soldier days Diaz was thrice made a prisoner and thrice made romantic escape. The first time he broke away from his captors and on horseback dashed over a high stone wall. The second time he outwitted his jailers in the closely guarded prison at Puebla, stole out by night on to the roof of the building where he was confined, then along other roofs and then down a rope in safety to the ground. The last trial and victory was experienced on board a vessel as he was returning from his first visit to the United States. Among the fellow passengers were numbers of his enemies, bitter enemies only longing for a chance to do him harm. Knowing he must forfeit liberty, and perhaps life, as soon as the boat landed, he drew to him the purser, with this officer arranged a plot that included a pretense of jumping overboard. The enemies thought he had thus sought escape from them, while really he was safe hid in a box-couch in the purser's room and listening to the surmises of his foes.

President Diaz' mother was a full-blooded Indian, his father of good Spanish-American blood, and thus the different elements of the country are represented in "Don Porfirio," as the Mexican people affectionately call their ruler.

WINSTON CHURCHILL, AMERICA



Scribbling and politics man infrequently go hand in hand these days, a man dividing his time between the two. And we would speak of Winston Churchill, author and now candidate for election as governor of New Hampshire. (And over in England there's the other Winston Churchill—undoubtedly the gentleman calls himself the Winston Churchill—who in his time has played soldier, war correspondent, author and politician.)

Our Winston Churchill gave up a naval career to engage in literary work, and now may have to surrender literature if he takes earnestly to politics. The author-politician was born in St. Louis, in 1871, after preliminary schooling entered the United States Naval Academy, graduated therefrom in 1894. Among his early writings were short naval stories which attracted considerable attention. "Richard Carvel" was his first great success; an earlier work, "The Celebrity," "Rich and Poor," "Mr. Keegan's Elopement," "The Crossing," and last the political novel, "Coniston."

Mr. Churchill in 1902, now far famed for his writings, entered politics, made a successful campaign for election to the New Hampshire legislature, having for several years made his home in Cornish, N. H. He served in the legislature two years, was a delegate to the last Republican national convention.

BLIND TO DIRECT EDUCATION FOR THE BLIND



Helen Keller, the wonderful blind, deaf and dumb girl, has recently been appointed member of the Massachusetts board of education for the blind. The board was recently created, provided by the Massachusetts legislature largely at the solicitation of Helen Keller.

The wonderful results that have followed the efforts to open the world of thought and beauty to this famous blind girl, have been an inspiration to the world over to workers in behalf of those that cannot see. Miss Keller is a strong believer in industrial training for persons afflicted with blindness, and probably during her service on the board will further with characteristic enthusiasm this training.

Helen Adams Keller is a graduate of Radcliffe college, one of our best schools for women, finished the four years' course, was graduated with the degree of A. B. She is author as well as college an excellence.

Miss Keller now makes her home in the north, but she comes from the south. She is related to well-known families of both north and south, the names of the Potters and Lees of Virginia. She was born at Tuscumbia, Ala.; at the age of 19 months an illness left her blind and deaf. Until the age of seven years little was done in the way of teaching her, when Miss Anna Sullivan, who had received training at the Perkins Institution in Boston, assumed charge of the unfortunate child. Helen is a little more than a wild animal, very difficult to control. With patience and skill her teacher led her out of darkness, to-day she is a bright, splendid woman.

GES BENJAMIN EUGENE CLEMENCEAU



The French minister of the interior is said to have more friends and more enemies than any other man in public life. For half a century he has been the "most radical of Republicans" the severest critic of every administration and the scourge of public officials.

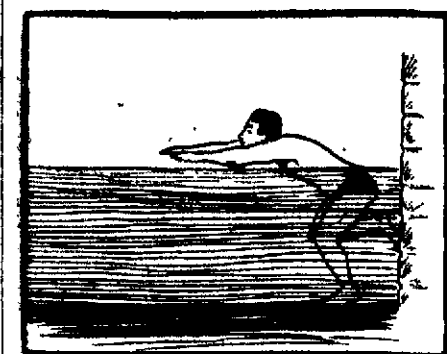
Clemenceau holds the most important post in the cabinet of President Fallieres. Though a thorough politician he has not been an office seeker, for the last ten years has devoted himself rather to journalism than politics, editing a radical journal. Recently his friends, and likewise his enemies, have been greatly surprised by his change of attitude, by his pronouncement that socialism is at variance with every sound doctrine of the republic. That he was able to keep down the recent riots, riots which almost reached the point of revolution, has brought him the confidence of many, to him is given the credit of saving the day.

Long ago in his youth, while a medical student, engaging in political disputes cost him his privileges as a student. He decided to try foreign air for his health about this time, and included the states in his travels. When he returned home he completed his studies and began the practice of his profession.

He has written fiction, social studies, trenchant articles on current matters, under the latter we would mention a series in defense of Dreyfus.

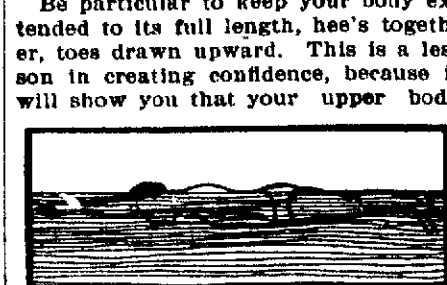
Instructions for Boys and Girls Who Care to Learn Without Professional Teacher.

Stand up to the waist in water; then brace the right foot against a wall, or any solid object; bent knees leaning forward; arms stretched out to their full length in front; thumbs touching each other; palms parallel with water. Now push off, straightening the body so as to lie face downward, skimming the top of the water. Be careful to do this toward dry land, or in the direction of shallow water. Repeat this as often as you are inclined, endeavoring to increase the push off to a distance of six or eight yards. Hold your breath while lying face downward on the water. Go through the movements perseveringly, for it will take the novice some time before he can master these motions absolutely, says Meyers, the swimming instructor of the Missouri Athletic club.



THE START.

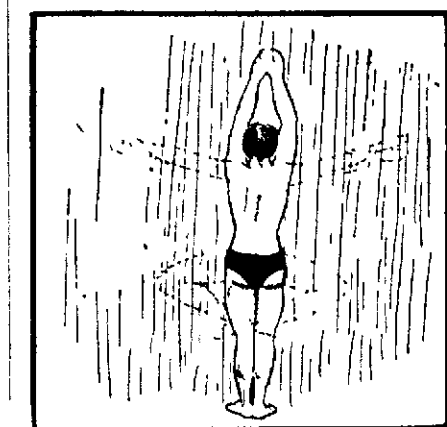
Be particular to keep your body extended to its full length, heels together, toes drawn upward. This is a lesson in creating confidence, because it will show you that your upper body will not sink, although your legs will slowly do so.



AT FULL LENGTH.

The Leg Movement—From a stretched position draw the legs up to position marked 3; then kick sideways as far as possible, bringing the legs together again as in the first position. Repeat the movement slowly but deliberately, and with some force, in one, two, three time measure. After three self-lessons, each spent separately, at the legs and arms movements, try the same together. As you advance from lesson to lesson it will become less tiresome. You will not only enjoy the tonic effect of the cool bath, but the movements of the arms and legs, together with the enforced deep breathing, will greatly improve your bodily functions.

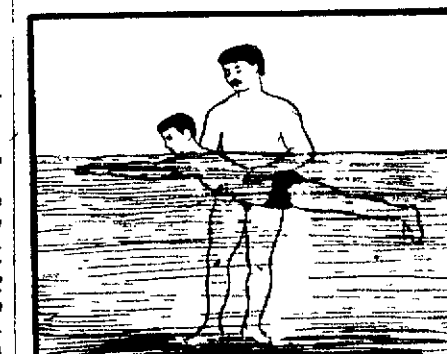
If you are anxious to swim, have a friend accompany you to be of assistance to you in acquiring the art, as well as for safety's sake. Let him support you, as illustrated. Bring your hands, thumbs touching each other, about three inches below the surface, in front of your chin. Head and mouth are now above the water. Deliberately thrust your hands out in front of you, and with outstretched arms describe a quarter circle sideways and downward to about two feet below the surface. Fingers must be held together and



THE LEG MOVEMENT

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THE PROPER WAY OF ASSISTING

scooplike pressed against the water in their movements. The thumbs must be about two inches lower in the water than the fingers. This sideways and downward movement of your arms has a double object of propelling the body forward and upward. Repeat this until tired, and until you have learned to breathe regularly with each stroke of the arms. Do not attempt any leg movements until you have thoroughly mastered the arm movement correctly. Be patient—the most apt pupil, under the best instructor, rarely learns to swim correctly in less than ten lessons.

The Sacred Tooth.

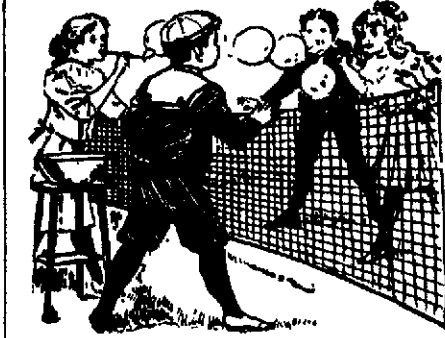
In a recent lecture in New York an American traveler told of a sacred tooth in India, which for 2,400 years had been an object of worship and for which \$250,000 had been refused. "In hundreds of other shrines in India," he said, "the teeth of human beings are worshipped by Hindus, who above all, value good teeth as the reward of good ancestry and of eternal vigilance in the care of the body."

A Delightful Pastime for Some of the Summer Days When Playing with Your Friends.

Outdoor sports form the chief pleasure of the fine summer days, and one of the most delightful and picturesque diversions is a soap-bubble contest on a tennis court or a lawn.

This sport is productive of much fun if the party is divided, with one-half the number of boys and girls on each side of the net. A table should be placed on each side, near at hand, and on it should be a large bowl of soapy water, with a tablespoonful of glycerine added, as this adds to the beauty of the bubbles and makes them last longer. Clay pipes should be provided for the players, and they should be tied with ribbons denoting the respective sides.

The girls make the bubbles and the boys blow them over the net, and also try to prevent their opponents' bubbles from coming over the net



THE GAME IN PROGRESS.

into their court. Each bubble that floats over the net counts 15 points for the side from which it came, and, of course, the side scoring highest within a given time wins.

Pretty prizes for this sport would be a basket of tiny bouquets of summer flowers for the winning side.

A bubble game may also be played on a long table placed on the lawn and covered with a woolen cloth. Ribbon-bound wickets should be placed at intervals, and the players, divided into two sides, take turns, by sides, in trying to blow the bubbles through the wickets.

Each player blows three different bubbles for a turn, and scores five points for every wicket passed. If the first bubble is blown through the first wicket, the second bubble is to be blown from there, the player trying to blow it through the second wicket; and the third bubble is blown from where the second bubble passed.

If, however, the first bubble breaks before passing the first wicket, the second bubble must try for that goal before it can pass the second.

This is very entertaining sport, and it may be varied by offering a series of prizes, as follows: For the biggest bubble, for the bubble with the most brilliant hues, for the greatest number blown from one pipe, or for the longest chain of bubbles.

For the chain of bubbles, a wooden pipe is used in the shape of a mallet, the head of which is a hollow tube like the stem.

In prize contests, the players will find it pleasant to try in pairs, the two pipes having colored ribbons alike, and each player finding his or her partner by matching the ribbons.

A Good Time to Learn.

The fellow who gets angry at you is pretty apt to say some unpleasant, cutting things; but if, instead of losing your own temper, you will listen to him calmly, he is almost certain to present among the complaints one or more faults that you had never before thought of, and that your friends hated to tell you about. Sometimes our loudest-voiced enemy may prove to be our very best friend—just because he shows us our worst faults in their most unsavory light.—Farm Journal.

Favorite Card Game of Japanese.

A game popular with both grown people and children in Japan is played as follows:

One hundred well-known proverbs are selected, each divided into two parts, each part printed on a separate card. The host has the hundred first halves while he reads aloud, one by one. The hundred second halves are dealt to the other players, who place their hands upward upon the "Tatami," or thick mat of rich straw on which they sit. As the first half of any proverb is read, the holder of the second half throws it out, or, if he sees it unnoticed among his neighbors, seizes it and gives him one of his own. The player who is first "out" wins. It is a very simple game, but it affords a great deal of amusement to the players, for the quick sighted and keen-witted are constantly seizing the cards of their duller and slower neighbors. This leads to much laughter and good-natured teasing.

Making Hand Prints.

Look closely at the inside of the fingers near the tips. You will see furrows running in curved lines. They appear like mere lines, but if you look at them through a magnifying glass you will see that they are really furrows. Or rub chalk or powder over them, and they will be outlined in white.

It is said that no two persons have these markings exactly alike, and also that the markings remain the same through life in each individual. You may test this by taking a print of your own. Spread some ink thinly over a piece of glass or paper. When the ink is nearly dry, press the fingers on it lightly, and then on a piece of clean white paper. A few trials will give you some very good prints. By taking these prints every year, you may find out for yourself whether these lines remain unchanged.

—IT IS A NEGLECTED NUT—

Select Only the Finest Nuts for Planting—Will Come Into Bearing in Fifteen Years.

When we consider the great interest manifested by horticulturists everywhere in the improvement of all kinds of fruits and vegetables, it seems quite remarkable that a nut like the shellbark has been so conspicuously neglected. But there are those who are champions of the nut, and who have the courage of their convictions, and plant the trees, the fruits of which they must wait long and patiently for. J. W. Kerr, of Caroline county, Maryland, relates his experiences in planting nut trees, which will be of interest and profit, we trust, to others, and may create a desire to establish a nut grove, too. Mr. Kerr secured "a generous installment of splendid nuts from a grower in Pennsylvania." Selecting from these the finest and largest nuts, they were planted.

Some of the trees, says Mr. Kerr, were left to grow in the row where the seed was planted. Most of them, though, were transplanted when four years old. In the removal of the

Oblique—Open, or loose-headed, leaves large and distinct, sheds early. Nut oblique-oval compressed, above medium size, meat separates easily from shell, season early, fairly prolific. Hulls thick.

Norton—Close-headed, sheds foliage early. Nut short oval compressed, ribbed, opens nicely, season early, good bearer. Hulls thick. Dewees—Rather open-headed, with quite heavy and stubby twig, foliage falls medium early. Nut cordate-squarish compressed, moderately ribbed, kernels separate from shells easily, season medium, very productive. Hulls medium thick.

Roosevelt—Close-headed and very strong grower, foliage drops early. Nut short and compressed, very large and prominently ribbed, season early. Hulls thin, comparatively.

I do not regard this as a true shellbark, although grown from select shellbark nut. The shell is quite thick, and the meat possesses the flavor of the ordinary thick-shelled hickory nut. Kerr—Branchy, rather spreading,



A GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.

(1, 2, 3, Norton; 4, 5, 6, Underwood; 7, 8, 9, Jump; 10, 11, 12, Oblique; 13, 14, Kerr.)

trees, all the long, straight tap-roots that could possibly be saved were taken up undamaged, and holes sufficiently deep to admit these without bending were prepared to receive them. Not a tree was lost by the transplanting. Some were more prompt and vigorous in starting off, and these still continue to lead in size of trees. A like difference is, however, apparent with those that were not transplanted. There was no difference between the removed trees and those not removed as to the time they began to bear. Some of the removed trees are larger now than most of those not transplanted. Whether or not it is essential to leave the long tap-roots on for best results did not enter as a question in these operations—"the new horticulture" was not in existence at the time.

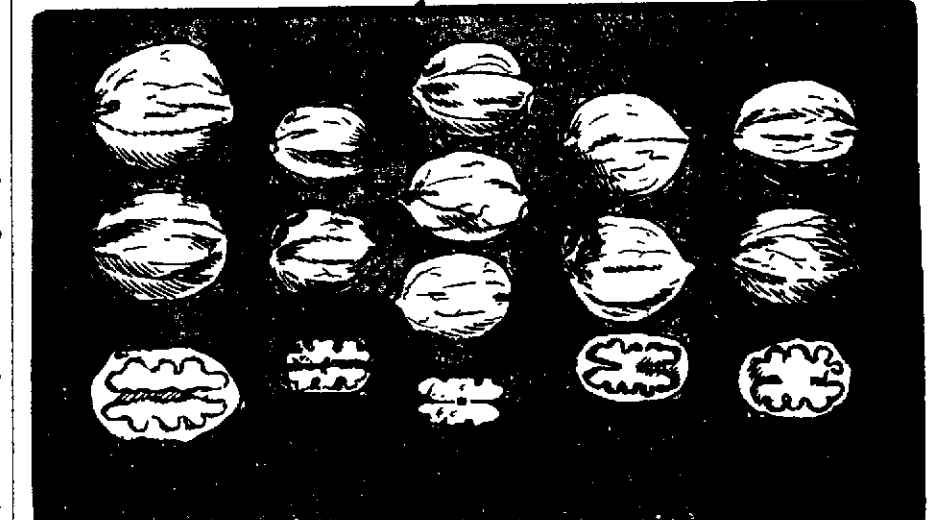
A later planting had the tap-roots cut by running the tree digger under

holds foliage very late, even into the winter. Nut elliptical pointed, above medium size, moderately ribbed, cracks handsomely, season medium. Hulls medium thick.

Senator Roe—Moderately close-headed, sheds leaves early. Nut oblique-oval, large, moderately ribbed; meat easily separated from shell, season medium. Hulls thick.

Burchard—Rather close-headed, foliage drops early. Nut squarish-oval, strongly compressed, slightly ribbed, cracks right, season medium early, very productive. Hulls thick.

As before stated, the nuts from which these trees were grown were planted in the fall of 1885. Most of them have been bearing four years; there are some that have their first nuts yet to produce, so that it requires all of 15 years to get shellbarks into bearing from the seed. It is claimed by the vendors of pecan trees that they



ANOTHER GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.

(1, Roosevelt; 2, Burchard; 3, Waugh; 4, Dewees; 5, Senator Roe.)

them when two years old, and again when three years old, and transplanted at five years' growth. When taken up for transplanting, these trees all had tap-roots, but instead of a single straight root, from three to seven; these were cut off smoothly to a uniform length of two feet from the collar. A few of these died; none have grown as vigorously as those of the first planting, but there is still nothing decisive in this, as they were set on land quite different in character. If planting again, I would adhere to the plan practiced with the first lot.

Some of these have been named, and samples submitted to very competent scientific authority. To better display the eccentricities of nature as exhibited in the wide variations of these nuts from the original types—none of which are reproduced—photographs giving exact natural size and structural formation of interiors were taken, and cuts of these made in turn by the Country Gentleman, and from which our illustrations herewith given were made:

Underwood—Tree moderately close-headed, holds foliage fairly late. Nut above medium to large size, slightly ribbed, cracks nicely, season early, productive. Hulls thick.

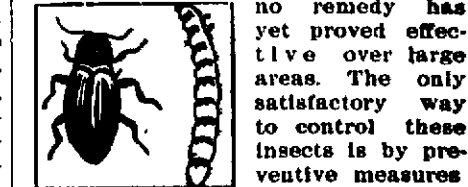
Waugh—Branchy, or close-headed, affording large bearing areas; sheds foliage early. Nut squarish-oval, large, obscurely ribbed, shell thin, separates readily from kernel, fine quality, season medium, very productive. Hulls thick.

Jump—Medium branchy, holds leaves well. Nut oval compressed, strongly ribbed, cracks right, season past medium, tree a heavy bearer. Hulls thick.

come into bearing at five or six years—the grafted trees. I have one tree grafted on shellbark hickory (whip-grafted below the surface when the stock was three years old) that is 15 years old, but so far has failed to bear.

Wire Worms Can Be Controlled

Every farmer is familiar with wire worms and their work, and knows that no remedy has yet proved effective over large areas. The only satisfactory way to control these insects is by preventive measures.



The adults are insects which vary in size from a fraction of an inch to more than an inch. A typical one and its larva is shown in the cut. Those in which the farmer is interested lay eggs in grass lands and weedy fields during May. In general the young are usually brown, hard bodied creatures, and are popularly known as wire worms. They feed on roots for one, two and three seasons before reaching maturity.

Such being the life habits no insecticide is effective. Preventive measures, says Orange Judd Farmer, commence with plowing in early summer for crimson clover to be turned under in autumn each year for two or three years. The first plowing removes the food; the second disturbs the remaining worms. An early crop such as cabbage should be planted each season until the land is free. This should be off before crimson clover sowing time arrives. Short rotations and variety of crops will prevent further trouble.

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Showers.

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 86 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 25, 1906

NUMBER 133

REGULATIONS GOVERNING SALE AND LEASING OF LANDS

Regulations governing the leasing and sale of lands allotted to or inherited by fullblood Indians of the five civilized tribes have been issued by the secretary of the interior. They cover leases of all kinds and the sale of lands.

Under the heading, "Leases," the regulations provide that fullblood Indian allottees of the five tribes may, subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior, lease their homesteads for agricultural purposes in case of their disability on account of infirmity or age, and where leases are submitted for approval covering homestead lands, the affidavit of a physician or other satisfactory evidence must be furnished.

All leases for mineral purposes covering the homestead, surplus and inherited lands of fullblood Indians of the five tribes, all leases for agricultural purposes for periods in excess of one year covering such lands, and all leases for agricultural purposes for one year or less affecting the homesteads of such Indians, must be made in accordance with these regulations and approved by the secretary, but leases covering homesteads must not include other lands.

Three years is the maximum lease allowed; five years for agricultural purposes, and fifteen years for mineral purposes. All improvements placed on the lands by the lessee to an agricultural or grazing lease, or anyone holding under him as a sublessee, or otherwise, shall, at the expiration of the lease, be and become the property of the owner of the land. This regulation is applicable to all improvements and buildings placed upon lands leased for mineral purposes, except tools, boilers, boiler houses, pipe lines, pumping and drilling outfits, tanks, engines, casings of all dry or exhausted wells and machinery.

"All original lessees, except of mineral lands, as hereinafter provided," says one section, "shall be required to

furnish a bond, executed by two or more sufficient sureties. Each mineral lease must be accompanied by an application under oath by the lessee, and each applicant will be required to state that the application is not made for speculation, but in good faith, and where the lease is for mining purposes, for mining the mineral specified, including oil and gas."

In all mineral leases it must be provided that only so much of the surface of the land described as may be reasonably necessary to carry on the work contemplated may be occupied by the lessee.

Bonds must be in amounts as follows: For leases covering 40 acres and less than 80, \$1000; 80 acres and less than 120, \$1500; 120 acres and not more than 160, \$2000, and for each 40 acre tract, or fractional part thereof, above 160 acres, \$500; but the right is reserved to increase the amount of such bonds.

No lease shall be sublet, transferred or assigned without the consent and approval of the secretary of the interior.

All leases shall provide for the payment of advance annual royalty in sums of not less than 15 cents per acre per annum for the first and second years, 30 cents per acre per annum for the third and fourth years, and 75 cents per acre per annum for the fifth and each succeeding year thereafter for the term for which the lease is to run, the sums thus paid to be a credit on the stipulated royalties, should the same exceed in one year the amount of the advanced payment.

Oil and gas leases are limited to 4800 acres to a person or corporation, as at present.

Royalties required on coal and asphalt leases are as follows: On asphaltum, 10 cents per ton for each and every ton of crude asphalt, or 60 cents per ton on refined asphalt; on the production of all coal mined, 8 cents per ton, mine run, including slack; all royalties to be paid monthly.

NEW STATE'S CORN CROP IS A RECORD BREAKER

Guthrie, Ok., Aug. 25.—The biggest and best crop of corn ever raised in Oklahoma is now standing in the field. It is now ripening and much of it will be ready for shucking in thirty days. In some parts of the territory the corn in the fields is being shocked, but as a rule the crop is still growing and maturing.

The reports are similar across both territories from Arkansas to the Panhandle and from the Sunflower state to the Red river. Nothing like it in corn was ever seen before in this territory. Up in Kay county, which generally carries off the belt annually for the biggest crops, some of the crop is already made, the average field indicating a yield of from fifty to sixty bushels per acre, while many fields will make from seventy-five to ninety bushels per acre. This has been the greatest growing year Oklahoma has ever had, and the frequent rains—although they may have damaged the wheat and the peaches to a great extent—have made the corn crop one that will be talked about for decades to come.

Indian Territory is also raising her banner corn crop this year. Thousands of acres in the vicinity of Holdenville will make from sixty to seventy-five

bushels per acre. It will be ready to harvest in thirty days, and the farmers for the first time will shuck the greater part of the crop. Heretofore it has been the custom to snap the corn. Two elevators have been erected at Holdenville to handle the crop.

There has been a big increase in the acreage of corn in Indian Territory this year. This is due largely to the fact that a large part of the new immigration to the Territory has been from the corn growing states, where the farmers do not know anything about growing cotton. In addition, there was a lot of new land broken last spring and much of it was planted in corn. The increased acreage in Indian Territory is placed at 20 per cent over last season. The ground has been in excellent condition and the weather conditions for corn were never better.

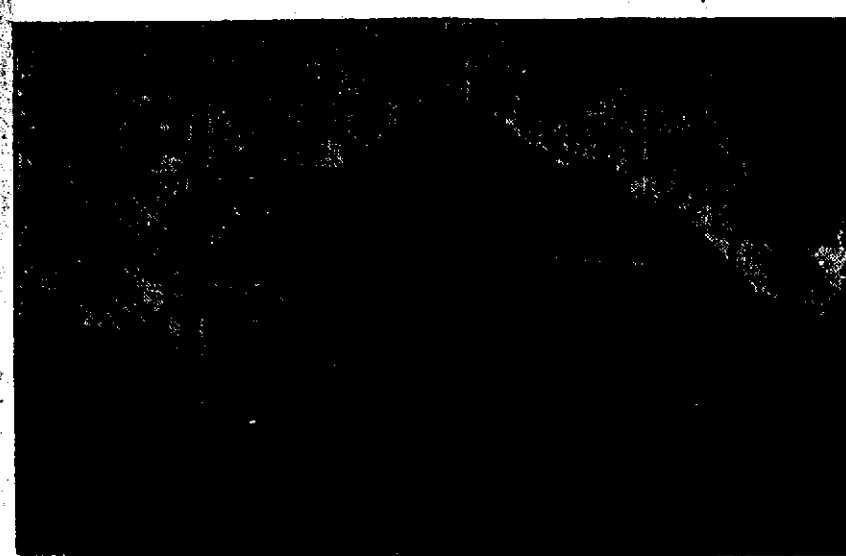
Municipal Ownership Pays.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 25.—An examination of the municipality owned city water plant reveals the fact that South McAlester is making between \$6,000 and \$7,000 a year out of her water revenue. The terms of municipal ownership are much gratified.

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RESIDENCE OF DR. H. BROWALL



RESIDENCE OF DR. N. B. SHANDS

THE PARTY WHICH AFFORDS PROTECTION FOR THE PEOPLE

Two parties must decide the question of who shall control the constitutional convention. It will be either republican or democratic. No matter what party or creed which may be espoused by the voter, he cannot hope to express his convictions in a manner that will be effective except through one or the other of the dominant parties.

This is not said with a view to causing any voter to quit his party, but it is said as a matter of fact that is understood by every voter acquainted with conditions in the new state. The issues of the campaign are easily understood. It is a question with the voter which of the parties will serve his best interest, and the interest of posterity.

One of the great questions that concerns every man, woman and child of the new state is whether or not the negro shall be accorded the right to go to school with the whites, or whether he shall be provided with schools for his children and the races separated—whether the negro shall be permitted to crowd into the same coaches with our wives and daughters, or be provided with separate coaches of the same grade and quality.

Another of no less importance is the question of the initiative and referendum, the only means placed in the hands of the common people to protect

themselves from the avarice of corporations that ask special privileges at the hands of legislatures. These two questions alone are quite enough to cause every citizen of the new state to consider seriously where he will cast his vote for the delegate to the constitutional convention.

There is no question as to where the democratic party stands on these questions, and there is little doubt where the republican party stands, though it may not make any declarations regarding them. Democracy is for the women and children of the new state, and for the future welfare of posterity. Its declarations on the matter of separate schools and separate coaches are specific and open, as are the declarations for the initiative and referendum.

The republican party has always been for mixed schools, and in all states where the republicans are in control have refused to pass separate school and coach laws. The record of the republican party on the initiative is enough to convince all that it will not accept those measures for the protection of the people. Wherever given an opportunity that party has refused to adopt such measures, and Oklahoma is on record against them. The voter who wants the protection that goes to make a better state for themselves and their children, will have to turn to the democratic party for help.

1,000 VICTIMS BURIED AND 1,000 YET REMAIN

Valparaiso, Aug. 24.—as the result of the splendid courage of the people and with the co-operation of the city government Valparaiso will be re-built within a few years on finer and more beautiful lines than before the disaster of August 16.

The rain last night caused most of the people to desert the tents which they have occupied and return to their houses. Almost all the walls are cracked, but there was no violent tremor during the night or today. Many of the people had to walk long distances carrying their bedclothes on their shoulders.

There are no conflagrations, but the blowing up of damaged and dangerous structures with dynamite continues. Otherwise the town has assumed an almost normal position. Many business houses have been reopened.

The residence on Victoria and Algere hills, which are occupied principally by Americans, Englishmen and Germans, suffered comparatively little damage.

In the quarter of the city which suffered most severely entire streets have been wiped out. One thousand of those who were killed by the earthquake have been buried and there are more than 1,000 corpses beneath the ruins.

CUBAN INSURGENTS MAY, OVERTHROW GOVERNMENT

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 24.—Passengers from Havana say that panic prevails there and that President Palma is virtually a prisoner in his palace.

The steamship Gussie, arriving here today from Havana, was loaded to its full capacity with tobacco, which is being rushed out of the island by the importers.

Indications are that the situation on the island is much worse than is known to the outside world.

It is reported here today that an encounter has taken place near San Juan Hill between government forces under Lieut. Acuy and the insurgents, with the tide in favor of the latter.

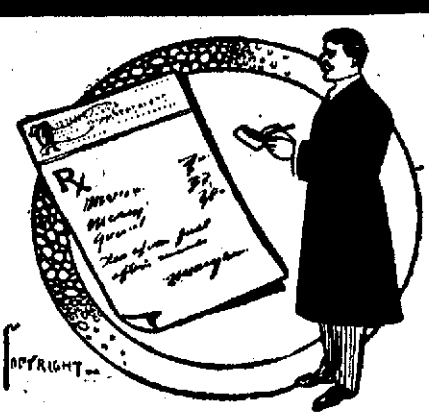
Many people are said to be disappearing at Guanajay, who are believed to be joining the insurgents.

Efforts are being made to trace an American woman here in whose rooms in the Hotel Leal at Havana the plot to assassinate President Palma is said to have been hatched.

Unique Bridge Finances.

South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 25.—This city and the adjacent Choctaw Nation will form an association to build bridges, trusting to the county to reimburse them when it is formed by buying their bridges from them. It is on such a plan that the bridges over Coal creek will be built. The bridge will cost \$35,000, of which sum nearly \$2,000 has already been collected.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 125-1f



A GOOD DOCTOR

is a broad minded man, and one who has the interest of his patient at heart and does all in his power to care for his patient. The best doctors' skill and ability is of little consequence if his prescriptions are filled by incompetent druggists and with impure drugs. Our prescription department is the largest and most complete of any in the city and is composed of the purest drugs and chemicals and compounded by experienced druggists. Consequently the best results are obtained. We can fill any prescription written by any physician in the city. You do not need to take them elsewhere because they are written on other druggists' stationery.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist.
(Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

Money to Loan

On Inter-married Surplus, Citizens with Restrictions Removed, and Upon City Property. Lowest Rates.

Complete and Absolutely Correct Abstracts of Title to All Lands and Town Lots in This District.

GRAHAM-PYEATT ABSTRACT CO.

DORTCH YOUNG, Mgr. (Over Cit. Nat'l Bank with Crawford & Bolen)

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

MASON DRUG COMPANY

Has Resumed Business at the Same Old Stand

Clean, Pure, Up-to-date Stock. Utmost Care Given to Prescriptions. The Public's Patronage is Cordially Solicited.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Inter-married Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.

W. H. EBEL, Pres. and Manager, — ADA, IND. TER.

A Full Line of

May Manton Bazar PATTERNS

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$68,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

Advertising rates on application

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES

IT'S ALL IN THE FAMILY

"It is just as easy to vote the Democratic ticket in Mill Creek, whether in a district with Ada or Tishomingo. Time and place have no effect on Democracy." Thus cheerfully comments the Mill Creek Times.

Why, of course, Mill Creek. So long as your company is Democratic, it's all right; isn't it? And they couldn't so change you around as to get you into a doubtful district. Republicans are not thick enough in these parts to make it entertaining. All we've got to do is to choose a good Democratic delegate to represent us in the constitutional convention. No matter where he comes from—Tyrola, McGee, Mill Creek, Ada or some other neck of the woods—he must be a good one. No other sort need apply.

MEN AND WOMEN.
See Big Ad for unusual
discharges, indigestion,
irritation or ulceration
of mucous membranes
of nose, throat, lungs,
bladder, and not satis-
fied or not cured?
Send for Druggists.
See also plain wrapper
by express, prepaid, for
\$1.00 or by mail \$0.75.
Circular sent on request.

WAY UP
In Workmanship,
Fit and Trimming,
WAY DOWN
IN PRICE

I am making a big **Slaughter**

On Prices of the Chitwood stock of Goods. I also do Cleaning, Pressing, Remaking and Dyeing at Reasonable Prices. Ladies Skirts a Specialty. All work Guaranteed. Give me a call.

B. C. BERRY,
TAILOR
Over Rollow's Store.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.
Is given up to be best. The
Largest Agency Work
of any plant in this Territory

Reed & Harrison
Wholesale and Retail **Buggies**
The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

PAULS VALLEY MAN HEADS THE FARMER'S UNION

Shawnee, Ok., August 24.—The Tobin-Dawes controversy, which nearly resulted in a row the Farmers' Union convention Thursday afternoon, was resumed this morning when Thos. P. Tobin endeavored to present his side of the case to the convention, but he finally left the hall and quiet was restored. Thursday, when he attempted to address the convention, cries of "Put him out!" rang over the hall and dozens of the delegates left, returning only when Tobin left the place. The trouble between Dawes and Tobin resulted from the mutual publishing of the Indian Union Signal by the two men, and Dawes claims that Tobin illegally took the entire paper.

THE Ada District is in formation an inverted L or an inverted boot, just as you choose. Whether you characterize it as L upsidown, or as a boot ram-pant old 87 is going to be heard from. It's going to give 'em L and help boot the rascals out. Just so it's Democratic, what boots it, what L do we care about our shape?

Origin of "Sub Rosa."

The rose is the emblem of secrecy in Greece, and was formerly hung over the table where guests were entertained in token that nothing heard there was to be repeated. Hence the expression "sub rosa."

Damaging Rains at Ardmore.

Ardmore, I. T., Aug. 24.—A soaking rain fell in this section today and farmers are complaining of too much moisture. In some sections bollworms have appeared in large numbers.

Notice, Baptist Singers.

There will be choir practice at the Baptist church tonight. Do not fail to come.

At the C. P. Church.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Senior endeavor at 4 p. m. Choir practice tonight. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

Galveston's Sea Wall

makes life now as safe in that city as on the higher uplands. E. W. Goodloe, who resides on Dutton St., in Waco, Texas, needs no sea wall for safety. He writes: "I have used Dr. King's new discovery for consumption the past 5 years and it keeps me well and safe. Before that time I had a cough which for years had been growing worse. Now it's gone." Cures chronic coughs, la grippe, croup, whooping cough and prevents pneumonia. Pleasant to take. Every bottle guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores. Price 50c and \$1. Trial bottle.

Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District
Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff,
vs.
Joe Mauldin, Defendant,
No. 822
The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.
Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.
[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk.
By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy.
Galbraith and McK own. Attorneys.
Attorney for non-resident: W. C. Edwards.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS
Price 50c & \$1.00
Free Trial.
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,
TRAINED NURSE.
Konawa - - - Ind. Ter.
Phone No. 33.

At the morning session it was decided that the convention must get down to business and prepare for adjournment. This afternoon the election of officers was taken up immediately after the convention began. Ten candidates were proposed. Green B. Patterson, present business agent, was one of the leaders, but he immediately withdrew from the race.
On a ballot, J. A. West, of Pauls Valley, was elected president. Mr. West is a solid farmer and one who will give a good administration. He accepted the honor with a short speech of thanks; E. E. Duffey, of Lexington, was elected vice president, and A. E. Hansen, secretary.

WHITE SWAN MINGE MEAT
That is really richer in flavor and far superior to the home-made kind. You may depend upon it being made from pure ingredients, in fact everything packed under the White Swan Brand is guaranteed absolutely pure and free from all adulteration. It is really absurd to go to all the worry and trouble of making your own Mince Meat, now that you can buy the White Swan kind at your grocer's. Or if he does not keep White Swan, send us his name.
The Waples-Platter Grocer Company
Division Ft. Worth, Dallas

Don't Infect the Children.

If the children are afflicted with chills and fever do not infect them with disagreeable medicines when you can get a pleasant remedy like Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Any child will take it readily. Sold on a signed guaranty to be better than any other by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

In Self Defense

Major Hamm, editor and manager of the Constitutionalist, Eminence, Ky., when he was attacked 4 years ago by piles, bought a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, of which he says: "It cured me in ten days and no trouble since." Quickest healer of burns, sores, cuts and wounds. 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

A Mystery Solved.

"How to keep off periodic attacks of biliousness and habitual constipation was a mystery that Dr. King's new life pills solved for me," writes John N. Pleasant, of Magnolia, Ind. The only pills that are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to everybody or money refunded. Only 25c at G. M. Ramsey's and F. Z. Holley's drug stores.

"I Am From Missouri, Show Me."
Doniphan, Mo., July 16, 1904.

"You called on me 7 years ago with Dr. Mendenhall's Chill Cure and told me it was better than any other. I asked you to show me. It has been shown and proven that more people stay with your Chill Tonic than any other."—C. H. Martin, druggist. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

The News will print your candidates cards just the way to please the voter.

Look out for malaria. It is seasonable now. A few doses of Prickly Ash Bitters is a sure preventative.

VEALS CHARACTER

PECULIARITIES OF SEX APPEAR IN FLAT-HUNTING.

Men Hate to Move When Once Settled—Women Expose Their Follies in Making Selection.

"Here's where you have a chance to study human nature," says the superintendent of a Chicago apartment house, according to the Inter Ocean. Why, I can tell as soon as I have gone over an apartment with a couple whether they live happily together.

"If they talk over the attractive corner and she tells where his reading lamp will go, and he says that it's a nice corner for her tea table, they are pretty sure to be home folks."

"If he digs holes in the floor with his cane while she makes a quick survey of the rooms and orders repairs in a lifeless fashion, they are merely setting a shell of a home in which to hang the skeleton of their one-time domestic happiness."

"You learn to read women, too, in this business," he continues. "The woman who talks about the lovely flat he has and how she hates to leave it but Henry is bound to come up town who criticizes everything in the apartment and fairly sniffs the air for trouble, will make a nagging, fault finding apartment, and if I had my way I'd raise her rent."

"The woman who wears a stylish dress in the newest coloring and fabric, but whose shoes are run down at the heel, whose finger tops need mending and whose underskirts hang in tatters of embroidery below her skirts is sure to be a sloppy housekeeper and ruin the fittings in the flat."

"References count for something, but not everything. A doubtful party always comes well armed with references, but when a woman and a man look at each other doubtfully and wonder whether they had best give the name of their uncle, or his employer, or their last landlord, I take heart and know they are not up to Chicago tricks."

"The bane of the apartment house superintendent is the Sunday rush. All through April we work early and late showing apartments on Sunday. On a pleasant Sunday we show perhaps 200 callers over apartments and rent possibly two. On a rainy Monday we have three callers and rent two apartments. Rainy day flat hunters mean business."

"I do not believe any man would move if he had his own way. He would rather pay more rent, put in a gas stove if the steam heat is not all that it ought to be, sleep on a mattress stretched on the boards laid over the bathtub, if the flat is too small—anything rather than move. Moving has driven more than one well intentioned man to drink."

GETTING CREW FOR WHALER

Each Man Has to Be Rounded Up Times Without Number to Get Him Aboard.

In Harper's Magazine Clifford W. Ashley, the artist who recently made a trip in an old-fashioned whaler for the magazine, tells entertainingly of the difficulties of finally getting the crew together and aboard ship.

"Sunday morning, long before the church bells rung," says Mr. Ashley "we were gathered in the darkened front of the store. I had stopped at the postoffice for my mail, and as I stepped out again into the bright sunshine of that August morning, a couple of sailors lumbered hastily by and lodged around the corner. As they were vanishing, one of the 'owners' appeared in the street, gazing up and down in a mystified manner, vainly seeking a glimpse of the runaway. When he saw me he hailed cheerfully. From the alley whence he had emerged, a series of derisive winks followed him, then a wagon-load of seamen appeared, being trundled off to the river. Swaying and pitching as the cart jolted over the cobblestones, they bawled out each passerby, making the street hideous with their yells. Before I entered the store I saw them, one by one, dropping off over the tail-board, utterly oblivious to the protests of the unfortunate dry goods clerk who was held responsible for their delivery."

"The front shop was crowded and noisy, but the real hubbub was in a small back room. Here the sailors howling and pounding, were locked up when caught, and held till the return of the wagon to take them off to the river. Word was received that the mate refused to go on board till he had partaken of his Sunday dinner. On various pretexts others sought to get off for a while longer—one had forgotten to bid his mother good-bye, another had left home without an overcoat. The clerks rushed frantically about. Each man had to be rounded up not once, but half a dozen times."

Diplomatic Subject.
Italy's king recently paid a visit to Vesuvius. On the occasion of a previous visit an Italian newspaper announced that "the eruption had the honor of being witnessed by his majesty." It was a German paper that once stated that a certain royal prince "was graciously pleased to be born yesterday." Equally courtierlike was an army officer in attendance on the king of Spain not long ago. The king asked him what was the time. The courtier fumbled for his watch, but could not find it, then respectfully replied: "Whatever time your majesty please."

WANT YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS
They will be compounded with the purest drugs that can be bought for money by **YOUR FOR PRESCRIPTIONS**
W. T. NOLEN

4 Trains a Day
Between
Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati
VIA
MONON ROUTE
Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.
Finest Pullman Equipment, Including Compartment Cars, Incomparable Dining-Car Service.
The "LIMITED," A NEW TRAIN, leaving Chicago at 11:20 p. m., arriving Cincinnati 7:35 a. m., and leaving Cincinnati 11:25 p. m., arriving Chicago 7:40 a. m., is an especially popular train. Carries Indianapolis layover sleeper.
Chas. H. Rockwell, Traffic Manager.
Frank J. Reed, Gen. Pass. Agent

THE
SUNSET ROUTE
OCEAN to OCEAN
Offers the Best
Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between
New Orleans and California, Daily
Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the
Road of a Thousand Wonders
that you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning locomotives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent

COMING!
J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin
\$5,000.00 Challenge Band and Orchestra
The only big coming to Ada to travel in the town of Ada. Will exhibit under water-proof tent seating 2,500. Run by J. D. Chunn.
Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28



THE SYSTEM PURIFIER
Drives Out That Billous, Lazy Feeling.
Makes You Bright, Active and Cheerful.
CURES CONSTIPATION
SOLD AT DRUG STORES - PRICE \$1.00 PER BOTTLE

LOCAL NEWS

Have you voted?
Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

Master Chisholm Barnett returned today from a week's visit in Konawa. Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only. 133-tf

Jesse Mauldin, of Konawa, was here today.

Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 70. 133-tf

Buy Big A flour if you want the best. 131-St. Ada Milling Co.

Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-tf

Miss Grace Hardin is visiting in Konawa.

We sell flour and bran cheap. Try us and be convinced. 131-St. 133-tf

rice Big A flour before you buy if you want the best for less than you can buy inferior brands. 131-St. Ada Milling Co.

Meedames Sledge and McMillan were visitors in Stonewall Friday and Saturday.

It's worth while to buy your cigars at the Smokehouse. A box free to customers every night. 128 6td

Annie Reed went to Stonewall today.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

The friends of A. K. Thornton will be glad to learn of his continued improvement.

Play a game of pool at the Smokehouse and get a box of cigars. 128 6td

D. A. Spears, of Owl, was in the city this morning en route to his home from the Madill oil field. He said it looked good to him.

Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz. Phone 70. 133-tf

Our business affairs have been permanently and satisfactorily arranged and we have resumed business. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 130d5w1 MASON DRUG CO.

Best bran in town 80c per 100 pounds. Phone 66. 131-St.

Rev. M. A. Cassidy returned from Denison Friday.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and county. 130d5w1

Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods. 133-tf.

E. T. Steed returned Friday night from Kansas City and St. Louis, where he purchased his fall and winter stock of dry goods and gents' furnishings.

LOST—Gold mounted back-comb; made of white ivory and has one pearl on each end, two amethysts in middle. Lost between F. J. Etter's and Dr. Faust's residences. Return to News office and get reward. 132 d3t

From John Miller.

We are in receipt of a letter from John Miller who is at Fletcher, Ok. After requesting that the Evening News be sent him, he adds: "I have been in Montague county, Texas, for the past three weeks. Crops are good in Texas and they are fine here, too. But we haven't seen anything that beats Ada yet. Ada is o. k. for it is our home."

"Fletcher is a nice little town on the Frisco railroad, twenty miles north of Lawton and thirty miles southwest of Chickasha. Fletcher has thirteen dry goods and grocery stores, one drug store, one saloon and one bank."

"Success to the News and its many readers. Yours Respectfully, John Miller."

"P. S. How is the water problem in Ada?"

Wanted.

Boy about 12 or 13 years of age; one who is not going to school. 130-4t Apply at Telephone office.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children.

CHAPMAN
The Shoe Man.

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?

Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer?

[Signature]

[Street Address]

A Great Revival.

The revival will begin at the Christian church Friday evening, September 7th, 1906. The meetings will be conducted by C. F. Trimble, state evangelist, of Oklahoma. He will have with him Prof. O'Neal and wife of Springfield, Mo., who will have charge of the song service. Both are fine singers and come highly recommended. Make ready for a great meeting for it is surely coming. 131d3

Religious Debate.

A religious debate will begin Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at the Homer schoolhouse, on the Conway road, 3 miles east of town. Rev. Norman, of Francis, and Parson Dassey, of Milburn, are the debaters. Everybody invited.

J. A. Biles returned from Ardmore Come in and deposit your vote. Friday afternoon. He returned via Madill to see the gas gusher.

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf

Judge J. M. Doss is reported no better today.

Box of cigars given away every night this week at Smokehouse. 128 6td

Services at the Baptist church Sunday, morning and evening.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

You are invited to hear Brother Harrell at the Baptist church Sunday.

The only exclusive cigar stand in town, the Smokehouse. Why not patronize it? 128 6td

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf.

Mason Drug company has a cheap up-to-date and full stock of wall paper at low prices. 130d5w1

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

Col. B. M. Camp, one of Hopkins county's leading truck growers was the guest of his old friends Shed and Andy Chapman Friday.

Cupid flour, best on earth at Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

Gus Angelly told us today that he was our friend by presenting us with two delicious watermelons. Thank you Angelly.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs.—P. K. Smith. 126-tf

Rev. M. A. Cassidy left today for Holdenville, where he will conduct a two weeks meeting.

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

The protracted meeting will begin at the Christian church tomorrow. You are invited.

Free smoking at the Smokehouse. Draw a box and smoke up. 128 6td

If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf

I will trade a good sewing machine for a shirt, also an organ for a pony. 120-24t w13-4t Lee Smith.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" never grows old. There runs through it a vein of pathos peculiarly touching and sweet. It speaks the universal language of the heart. It reflects like a prism the innermost phases of the human emotion. It is more than a play. It is a moral classic. It argues for two of the greatest themes that can enthuse the mind: human liberty and the immortality of the soul. Notwithstanding its frequent production, it is seldom that one sees the play as it is now presented by J. D. Chunn's colossal spectacular company. It is like meeting an old friend after many years. The management doubtless believes in the maxim: "What's worth doing is worth doing well." They have brought together in this production all the requisites that go to make up a first class entertainment. J. D. Chunn's Greater Uncle Tom's Cabin company will exhibit at Ada, Tuesday, Aug. 28.

REV. HARRELL.

The Baptist Minister from Texas Here Sunday.

Rev. T. B. Harrell, of Mt. Vernon, Texas, who has made quite a reputation as an evangelist, will preach at the Baptist church Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. As stated in Thursday's News, Mr. Harrell is a very strong man, and he will benefit all who hear him.

How About "Glenada."

Judge Currie thinks that by prefixing "glen" to our city's name a charming combination will be secured—"Glenada." "Glen" has often been used in compounding names of places, and invariably the compound has a beautiful and poetic ring.

Couldn't Find Language.

Senator Clay of Georgia, was telling Senator Pettus of Alabama, about an unfair, browbeating and unfair federal judge in the South. "He is —, he is —, he is —," said Senator Clay, hesitating for a word. "I understand you perfectly, senator," Senator Pettus said. "You are a Baptist, and your religion does not furnish the words necessary to properly describe such a man."

Lynching Souvenirs.

Souvenir postal cards bearing pictures of two negroes as they appeared swinging from the limb of a tree on the morning after they were lynched have been mailed at Salisbury, N. C., which place apparently takes pride in the lynching. The postal cards have been held up pending a decision by the department authorities in Washington whether such things can properly be transmitted through the mails. There ought to be no doubt about the decision. —Kansas City Journal.

Sabbath School Exercises.

On the first Sunday in October the First Presbyterian Sunday school will have a children's exercise. Every child of the Sunday school and others are cordially invited to join in on this occasion. Parts and envelopes will be given out tomorrow morning at the 9:45 service. Let all be on hand at that time. The teachers and leaders are especially urged to be there.

Mighty Weak.

Oliver Wendell Holmes was invited to deliver a lecture in a town in the central part of Massachusetts. He was not feeling very well and he wrote the following reply to the committee in declining to accept the invitation. "I am far from being in good physical health, and I am satisfied that if I were offered a \$50 bill after my lecture I should not have strength enough to refuse it."

To Candidates.

The News will print you a soliciting card that guarantees a pleasant introduction.

Mason Drug company has a complete line of school books and supplies and just the kind required by the schools of town and country. 130d5w1

Chance at box of cigars with each 10c spent at Smokehouse. 128 6td

Money saved by buying of Jas. M. Walsh, spot cash to all. Phone 70. 129tf

Program A. Y. M. B. S.

Sunday, August 26, 1906. Services held at First Presbyterian church, promptly at 8 o'clock.

Song. Opening prayer. Roll call. Lesson: Fourth chapter of Nehemiah. Leader, J. W. Beard.

General discussion. Leader, Orel Harper. Prayer. Song.

Rolls opened for new members. Benediction.

Every man and boy will be most cordially welcomed. Every Christian is especially urged to "line up" with this society.

Notice to Merchants Everywhere.

The Ada News wishes to learn what Dry Goods Merchant in the country uses such a trade mark that they would indicate the cost of certain goods by a Triangle, followed by the letter W, the selling price beneath being plainly marked 12 1-2 cents. If such a house is located soon, it may result in the righting of a great wrong. Other papers please copy.

We Oathes for Them in Their Own Country, But They Have a "Fession."

The German girl leaves school at about 15 years of age, by which time she has learned to sew, mend, and apparently to speak English and French. She has not learned higher mathematics, says Modern Women, but she has learned the small things which fit a girl for a housewife or companion, and that, in Germany, is woman's only sphere. However, much we American girls may enjoy our colleges we dare not pity the German girls, for they have something which takes their place and of which we can have no conception until we reside in Germany a few months.

Did you ever hear of a pension? It is one of the most enjoyable things which exists. Certain influential ladies, mostly widows or maiden aunts, make known that they are willing to take a limited number of young ladies into their family.

We went to Hanover, two of us girls, with a horror and dread of a boarding school, as we heard a pension described. We found ourselves in a family of eight girls, all from the very best class of Germans, and all placed under Frau von H—'s care for a year or more.

None of the girls had any special object in life; a few wanted to learn how to keep house, a few indulged in an hour's music lesson per week, but most of them came, as is the German custom, for the sake of becoming polished, and being escorted to concerts, theaters, balls, receptions, student Kneises, etc., opportunities not afforded in smaller cities, and even not in many cities that are larger than Hanover.

Consequently our chaperon accepted invitations for her girls, parties were given and the great intimate family spent a year full of pleasure.

HORSE AND HORSELESS.

The Animal and the Auto Each Do the Other an Occasional Good Turn.

A farmer in Cadiz, Ind., recently jacked up his automobile to serve in lieu of a broken engine in the shelling of corn and cutting of fodder for his live stock and horses. The latter part of their share of the feed without showing any hard feeling toward their deadly rival, the auto.

One man who has been touring the country says that the horses have accepted the automobile more gracefully than the farmers have.

He tells the story of an automobilist who met an elderly couple driving a skittish horse which decidedly objected to passing the unknown vehicle. The driver of the car stopped to offer his aid, but the man declined it with the remark:

"If you'll lead my old woman by, I guess she'll make it and I can make it all right."

Another horse and horseless yarn comes from a man in Oregon. He says:

"When I bought my car, I marveled that the company could sell it for \$1,550. Now I marvel that they could sell it at any price. Marveling is the cheapest part of the proposition. I find."

"My particular marvel out in my barn reminds me of the man who built so much stone fence in one day that it took him two days to walk back to where he began. My car will take me sometimes—so far from home in two hours that it takes the rest of the day for me to drive home with a providentially hired horse."

FACTS ABOUT SAFETY PIN.

Obliging Clerk Imparts Interesting Information Concerning the Article.

"One dozen safety pins. Twelve cents. Thank you, madam," said the clerk. "Your change will be here in one moment."

She was very pretty. He was young. A conversation sprang up. "There is a strange story connected with the safety pin," the clerk said. "An Englishman invented this pin some 30 or 40 years ago. For this admirable invention he was highly honored. Fetes and applause were showered upon him. If I am not mistaken, the man was even knighted."

"And about three years ago, in excavating in Pompeii, they came upon what do you think? A perfect safety pin. Hundreds of perfect bronze safety pins. The Englishman's invention wasn't new at all. It was 2,000 years old."

"The man had been feted and honored all his life, he had even been knighted, for an invention that he didn't invent."

MIKADO'S SELF DENIAL.

Refused Heat in Palace While His Soldiers Were Freezing in the Field.

In the bitter cold of last winter—1904-1905—the mikado not content with the fullest official reports, sent his grand master to look into the conditions at the front, to ascertain by visiting every camp and outpost, how the soldiers were faring. When Count Hikkata returned with his harrowing tale of frightful suffering caused by the cold, the emperor was broken-hearted, says World's Work. Nothing more could be done—the Manchurian winter must drag its icy season through—but the emperor would not let his case while his men were freezing, and the order to discontinue all heating of the palace till the war should be over showed that his sympathy was with them day by day.

The News respectfully solicits the printing of your card announcing to your friends and those you may meet, your candidacy. The card method of soliciting support has been demonstrated to be good; it helps to become acquainted and will win you votes.

Found Dead on the Streets.

A young man was found dead on the streets of Baton Rouge, supposed to have died from a congestive chill, which could have been prevented by the timely use of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

LOOK HERE!

If you eat, you will be interested in knowing what to buy. Look over this list of delicacies and phone us your orders.

Cupid Relish 25c
Campbell's Salad Dressing (the best) 25c
Heinz Mandalay Sauce .. 30c
Heinz Worcestershire Sauce 35c
Heinz Olive Oil 45c
Heinz Prepared Mustard 15c
Heinz Tomato Chutney 30c
Nice bottle Olives 10c

And many other things we can't mention today. We will appreciate your business

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders

FURMAN & CROXTO

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.
Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tem D. McKeown
GALBRAITH & McKEOWN
LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ
OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

DR. W. T. NOLEN
—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—

Office over Little building, next door to Nolen drug store
Office Phone 91 Res. Phone 11

I have opened the
Twelfth Street Meat Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

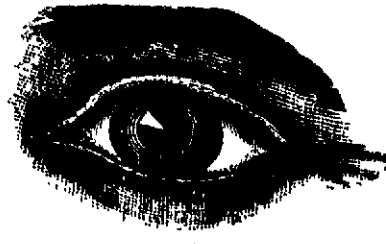
C. L. HICKEY.

Geo. A. Truitt,

Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention
Given to All Work
Entrusted.



Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted
C. J. Warren, Optician

The NICKEL STORE

Where You Save Money on Everything.



We're off for some more
To the Nickel Store,
In a very great hurry are we;

For the best sweets in the land
Are the Red Band Brand,
And we know where to get them you see.

Chocolates, Bon Bons and all of our Nice Fancy Candies, per lb .. 12c

Fine Crockery

Colonial Gold Decorated Cups and Saucers, 10c each or 60c a set.



7 inch plates of the same ware, gold decorated, 60c set.

10 inch platters, gold decorated, 18c each.

7 inch oval meat and vegetable dishes, 18c each.

We sell everything in China, Glassware, Tinware, Enamelware, etc.

Blown Table Tumblers at 5c each.

Butter sets in plain glass, including butter dish, cream pitcher and spoon holder, 39c a set.

Stoneware

Come here for your Stoneware. You will find it here for about half what you generally pay. The usual price is 10c a gallon—buy all you want here at 6c a gallon.

We are selling Stoneware dirt cheap.

Milk Pans or Crocks, 1 gallon, usual price 10c., our price

Milk Pans or Crocks, 1 gallon, usual price 10c., our price

Free.

Our Stationery Department

This is, has been will be one of the successful in the

We sell pens, ink, age, glue, compt books, ledgers, jou day books, tablets for pencil and ink, and unruled 5c.

We also in this department keep slates, slate pencils, school boxes and school supplies.

The Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop

New location on Main street third door west of Rallow's corner.

Phone 77.

man, her little
Katie is a
she is a
and
was born
and her
singing her
singing her

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

A WIDELY CELEBRATED TARIFF REFORMER



We speak of the Englishman, Joseph Chamberlain, who recently, on the occasion of the celebration at Birmingham of his seventieth birthday, sent out this characteristic message to the nation: "Treat foreigners as they treat us and treat your kinsmen better than you treat foreigners."

Joseph Chamberlain is immensely popular and immensely unpopular, but appears equal to coping with both friend and foe. When assailed as he was so strongly during the Boer war and its preceding and subsequent problems, his cool, cynical meeting of attacks opposed a formidable front to those that attempted to down him.

Early in his career he was three times elected mayor of Birmingham, and during his terms of office carried through many public improvements in the face of obstinate opposition. In 1885 he became member of parliament, soon won distinction, became widely known by reason of the advocacy of popular reforms. For a time he was the recognized leader of the Radical party; but later organized the Liberal Union party which supported the Conservatives, and was called "renegade" by the Home Rulers.

In 1888 he came to this country as chief commissioner, effected an agreement in the Canadian fisheries dispute. This same year he married an American woman, daughter of W. E. Endicott, secretary of war. In 1891 we find Mr. Chamberlain leader of the Liberal Union party in the Commons. In the "coalition ministry" of the Marquis of Salisbury he became colonial secretary and proved himself most zealous in developing the interests of the British colonies.

An ardent disciple of the new diplomacy, Joseph Chamberlain has labored assiduously for an Anglo-American alliance.

THE ADVENTURES OF GENERAL DIAZ



The long, peaceful, highly successful career of President Diaz is not so picturesque as his life the years preceding the occupancy of the presidential chair. And it may be of interest to go back to the days prior to modern, progressive Mexico—modern and progressive largely by reason of the man at the helm—and note the adventures experienced by Porfirio Diaz.

It would seem the count of Monte Cristo had no more call for daring and resourcefulness than Diaz had in that period when Mexico was struggling to reach a national existence. During his soldier days Diaz was thrice made a prisoner and thrice made romantic escape. The first time he broke away from his captors and on horseback dashed over a high stone wall. The second time he outwitted his jailers in the closely guarded prison at Puebla, stole out by night on to the roof of the building where he was confined, then along a rope in safety to the ground. The last trial and victory was experienced on board a vessel as he was returning from his first visit to the United States. Among the fellow passengers were numbers of his enemies, bitter enemies only longing for a chance to do him harm. Knowing he must forfeit liberty, and perhaps life, as soon as the boat landed, he drew to his aid the purser, with this officer arranged a plot that included a pretense of jumping overboard. The enemies thought he had thus sought escape from them, while really he was safe hid in a box-couch in the purser's room and listening to the surmises of his foes.

President Diaz' mother was a full-blooded Indian, his father of good Spanish-American blood; and thus the different elements of the country are represented in "Don Porfirio," as the Mexican people affectionately call their ruler.

WINSTON CHURCHILL, AMERICA



Scribbling and politics not infrequently go hand in hand these days, a man dividing his time between the two. And we would speak of Winston Churchill, author and now candidate for election as governor of New Hampshire. (And over in England there's the other Winston Churchill—undoubtedly the gentleman calls himself the Winston Churchill—who in his time has played soldier, war correspondent, author and politician.)

Our Winston Churchill gave up a naval career to engage in literary work, and now may have to surrender literature if he takes earnestly to politics. The author-politician was born in St. Louis, in 1871, after preliminary schooling entered the United States Naval Academy, graduated therefrom in 1894. Among his early writings were short naval stories which attracted considerable attention. "Richard Carvel" was his first great success; an earlier work, "The Celebrity," "The Crossing," and last the political novel, "Coniston."

Mr. Churchill in 1902, now far famed for his writings, entered politics, made a successful campaign for election to the New Hampshire legislature, having for several years made his home in Cornish, N. H. He served in the legislature two years, was a delegate to the last Republican national convention.

BLIND TO DIRECT EDUCATION FOR THE BLIND



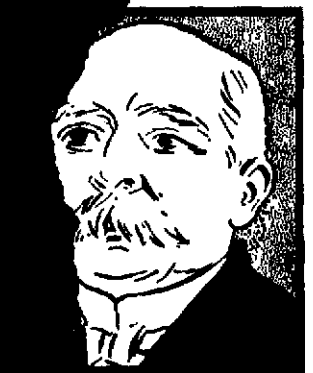
Helen Keller, the wonderful blind, deaf and dumb girl, has recently been appointed member of the Massachusetts board of education for the blind. The board was recently created, provided by the Massachusetts legislature largely at the solicitation of Helen Keller.

The wonderful results that have followed the efforts to open the world of thought and beauty to this famous blind girl, have been an inspiration to the world over to workers in behalf of those that cannot see. Miss Keller is a strong believer in industrial training for persons afflicted with blindness, and probably during her service on the board will further with characteristic enthusiasm this training.

Helen Adams Keller is a graduate of Radcliffe college, one of our best schools for women, finished the four years' course, was graduated with the degree A. B. She is author as well as college woman, her literary style of an excellence.

Miss Keller now makes her home in the north, but she comes from the south. She is related to well-known families of both north and south, the Ames and Everetts of New England, the Pottawoods and Lees of Virginia. She was born at Tuscumbia, Ala.; at the age of 19 months an illness left her blind and deaf. Until the age of seven years little was done in the way of teaching her, when Miss Anna Sullivan, who had received training at the Perkins Institution in Boston, assumed charge of the unfortunate child. Helen is a little more than a wild animal, very difficult to control. With love and skill her teacher led her out of darkness, to-day she is a bright, splendid woman.

GES BENJAMIN EUGENE CLEMENCEAU



The French minister of the interior is said to have more friends and more enemies than any other man in public life. For half a century he has been the "most radical of Republicans," the severest critic of every administration and the scourge of public officials.

Clemenceau holds the most important post in the cabinet of President Fallieres. Though a thorough politician he has not been an office seeker, for the last ten years has devoted himself rather to journalism than politics, editing a radical journal. Recently his friends, and likewise his enemies, have been greatly surprised by his change of attitude, by his pronouncement that socialism is at variance with every sound doctrine of the republic. That he was able to keep down the recent riots, riots which almost reached the point of revolution, has brought him the confidence of many, to him is given the credit of saving the day.

Long ago in his youth, while a medical student, engaging in political intrigues cost him his privileges as a student. He decided to try foreign air for his health about this time, and included the states in his travels. When he returned home he completed his studies and began the practice of his profession.

He has written fiction, social studies, trenchant articles on current matters, under the latter we would mention a series in defense of Dreyfus.

Instructions for Boys and Girls Who Care to Learn Without Professional Teacher.

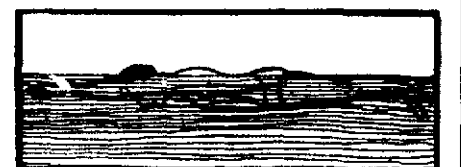
Stand up to the waist in water; then brace the right foot against a wall, or any solid object; bent knees leaning forward; arms stretched out to their full length in front; thumbs touching each other; palms paralleled with water. Now push off, straightening the body so as to lie face downward, skimming the top of the water. Be careful to do this toward dry land, or in the direction of shallow water. Repeat this as often as you are inclined, endeavoring to increase the push off to a distance of six or eight yards. Hold your breath while lying face downward on the water. Go through the movements perseveringly, for it will take the novice some time before he can master these motions absolutely, says Meyers, the swimming instructor of the Missouri Athletic club.



THE START.

Be particular to keep your body extended to its full length, heels together, toes drawn upward. This is a lesson in creating confidence, because it will show you that your upper body will not sink, although your legs will slowly do so.

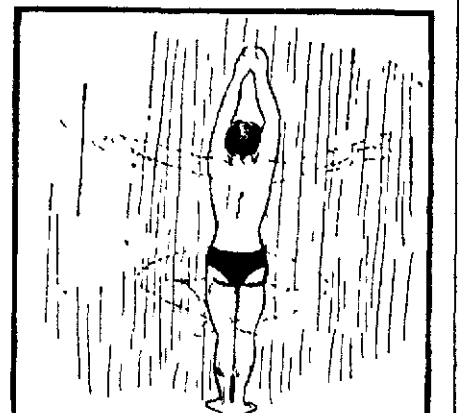
The Leg Movement—From a stretched position draw the legs up to position marked 3; then kick sideways as far as possible, bringing the legs together again as in the first position. Repeat the movement slowly but deliberately, and with some force, in one, two, three time measure. After three self-lessons, each spent separately, at the legs and arms movements, try the same together. As you advance from lesson to lesson it will become less tiresome. You will not only enjoy the tonic effect of the cool bath, but the movements of the arms and legs, to-



AT FULL LENGTH.

gether with the enforced deep breathing, will greatly improve your bodily functions.

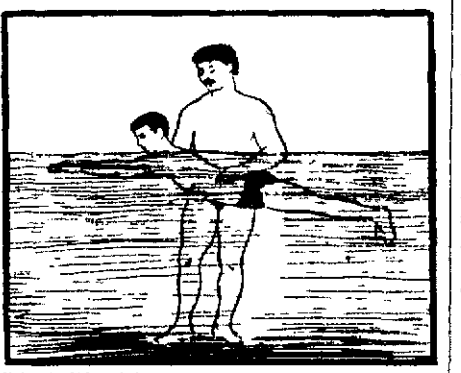
If you are anxious to swim, have a friend accompany you to be of assistance to you in acquiring the art, as well as for safety's sake. Let him support you, as illustrated. Bring your hands, thumbs touching each other, about three inches below the surface. In front of your chin. Head and mouth are now above the water. Deliberately thrust your hands out in front of you, and with outstretched arms describe a quarter circle sideways and downward to about two feet below the surface. Fingers must be held together and



THE LEG MOVEMENT

together with the enforced deep breathing, will greatly improve your bodily functions.

One hundred well-known proverbs are selected, each divided into two parts, each part printed on a separate card. The host has the hundred first halves while he reads aloud, one by one. The hundred second halves are dealt to the other players, who place their hands upward upon the "Tatami," or thick mat of rich straw on which they sit. As the first half of any proverb is read, the holder of the second half throws it out, or, if he sees it unnoticed among his neighbors, seizes it and gives him one of his own. The player who is first "out" wins. It is a very simple game, but it affords a great deal of amusement to the players, for the quick sighted and keen-witted are constantly seizing the ends of their duller and slower neighbors. This leads to much laughter and good-natured teasing.



THE PROPER WAY OF ASSISTING

scooplike pressed against the water in their movements. The thumbs must be about two inches lower in the water than the fingers. This sideways and downward movement of your arms has a double object of propelling the body forward and upward. Repeat this until tired, and until you have learned to breathe regularly with each stroke of the arms. Do not attempt any leg movements until you have thoroughly mastered the arm movement correctly. Be patient—the most apt pupil, under the best instructor, rarely learns to swim correctly in less than ten lessons.

The Sacred Tooth.

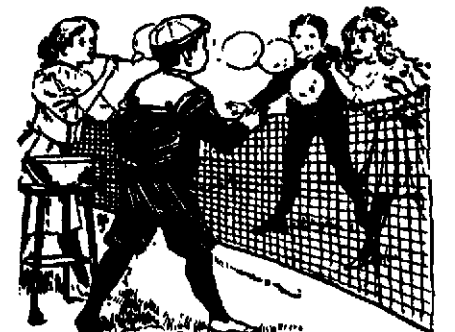
In a recent lecture in New York an American traveler told of a sacred tooth in India, which for 2,400 years had been an object of worship and for which \$250,000 had been refused. "In hundreds of other shrines in India," he said, "the teeth of human beings are worshiped by Hindoos, who above all, value good teeth as the reward of good ancestry and of eternal vigilance in the care of the body."

A Delightful Pastime for Some of the Summer Days When Playing with Your Friends.

Outdoor sports form the chief pleasure of the fine summer days, and one of the most delightful and picturesque diversions is a soap-bubble contest on a tennis court or a lawn.

This sport is productive of much fun, if the party is divided, with one-half the number of boys and girls on each side of the net. A table should be placed on each side, near at hand, and on it should be a large bowl of soapy water, with a tablespoonful of glycerine added, as this adds to the beauty of the bubbles and makes them last longer. Clay pipes should be provided for the players, and they should be tied with ribbons denoting the respective sides.

The girls make the bubbles and the boys blow them over the net, and also try to prevent their opponents' bubbles from coming over the net.



THE GAME IN PROGRESS.

Into their court. Each bubble that floats over the net counts 15 points for the side from which it came, and, of course, the side scoring highest within a given time wins.

Pretty prizes for this sport would be a basket of tiny bouquets of summer flowers for the winning side.

A bubble game may also be played on a long table placed on the lawn and covered with a woolen cloth. Ribbon-bound wickets should be placed at intervals, and the players, divided into two sides, take turns, by sides, in trying to blow the bubbles through the wickets.

Each player blows three different bubbles for a turn, and scores five points for every wicket passed. If the first bubble is blown through the first wicket, the second bubble is to be blown from there, the player trying to blow it through the second wicket; and the third bubble is blown from where the second bubble passed.

If, however, the first bubble breaks before passing the first wicket, the second bubble must try for that goal before it can pass the second.

This is very entertaining sport, and it may be varied by offering a series of prizes, as follows: For the biggest bubble, for the bubble with the most brilliant hues, for the greatest number blown from one pipe, or for the longest chain of bubbles.

For the chain of bubbles, a wooden pipe is used in the shape of a mallet, the head of which is a hollow tube like the stem.

In prize contests, the players will find it pleasant to try in pairs, the two pipes having colored ribbons alike, and each player finding his or her partner by matching the ribbons.

A Good Time to Learn.

The fellow who gets angry at you is pretty apt to say some unpleasant, cutting things; but if, instead of losing your own temper, you will listen to him calmly, he is almost certain to present among the complaints one or more faults that you had never before thought of, and that your friends hated to tell you about. Sometimes our loudest-voiced enemy may prove to be our very best friend—just because he shows us our worst faults in their most unsavory light.—Farm Journal.

Favorite Card Game of Japanese.

A game popular with both grown people and children in Japan is played as follows:

One hundred well-known proverbs are selected, each divided into two parts, each part printed on a separate card. The host has the hundred first halves while he reads aloud, one by one. The hundred second halves are dealt to the other players, who place their hands upward upon the "Tatami," or thick mat of rich straw on which they sit. As the first half of any proverb is read, the holder of the second half throws it out, or, if he sees it unnoticed among his neighbors, seizes it and gives him one of his own. The player who is first "out" wins. It is a very simple game, but it affords a great deal of amusement to the players, for the quick sighted and keen-witted are constantly seizing the ends of their duller and slower neighbors. This leads to much laughter and good-natured teasing.

Making Hand Prints.

Look closely at the inside of the fingers near the tips. You will see furrows running in curved lines. They appear like mere lines, but if you look at them through a magnifying glass you will see that they are really furrows. Or rub chalk or powder over them, and they will be outlined in white.

It is said that no two persons have these markings exactly alike, and also that the markings remain the same through life in each individual. You may test this by taking a print of your own. Spread some ink thinly over a piece of glass or paper. When the ink is nearly dry, press the fingers on it lightly, and then on a piece of clean white paper. A few trials will give you some very good prints. By taking these prints every year, you may find out for yourself whether these lines remain unchanged.

THE SHELLBARK NUT.—IT IS A NEGLECTED NUT.

Select Only the Finest Nuts for Planting—Will Come Into Bearing in Fifteen Years.

When we consider the great interest manifested by horticulturists everywhere in the improvement of all kinds of fruits and vegetables, it seems quite remarkable that a nut like the shellbark has been so conspicuously neglected. But there are those who are champions of the nut, and who have the courage of their convictions, and plant the trees, the fruits of which they must wait long and patiently for. J. W. Kerr, of Caroline county, Maryland, relates his experiences in planting nut trees, which will be of interest and profit, we trust, to others, and may create a desire to establish a nut grove, too.

Mr. Kerr secured "a generous installment of splendid nuts from a grower in Pennsylvania." Selecting from these the finest and largest nuts, they were planted.

Some of the trees, says Mr. Kerr, were left to grow in the row where the seed was planted. Most of them, though, were transplanted when four years old. In the removal of the

Oblique—Open, or loose-headed, leaves large and distinct, sheds early. Nut oblique-oval compressed, above medium size, meat separates easily from shell, season early, fairly prolific. Hulls thick.

Norton—Close-headed, sheds foliage early. Nut short oval compressed, ribbed, opens nicely, season early, good bearer. Hulls thick.

Deweesee—Rather open-headed, with quite heavy and stubby twigs, foliage falls medium early. Nut cordate-squarish compressed, moderately ribbed, kernels separate from shells easily, season medium, very productive. Hulls medium thick.

Roosevelt—Close-headed and very strong grower, foliage drops early. Nut short and compressed, very large and prominently ribbed, season early. Hulls thin, comparatively.

I do not regard this as a true shellbark nut, although grown from select shellbark nut. The shell is quite thick, and the meat possesses the flavor of the ordinary thick-shelled hickory nut.

Kerr—Branchy, rather spreading,



A GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.

(1, 2, 3, Norton; 4, 5, 6, Underwood; 7, 8, 9, Jump; 10, 11, 12, Oblique; 13, 14, Kerr.)

trees, all the long, straight tap-roots that could possibly be saved were taken up undamaged, and holes sufficiently deep to admit these without bending were prepared to receive them. Not a tree was lost by the transplanting. Some were more prompt and vigorous in starting off, and these still continue to lead in size of trees. A like difference is, however, apparent with those that were not transplanted. There was no difference between the removed trees and those not removed as to the time they began to bear. Some of the removed trees are larger now than most of those not transplanted. Whether or not it is essential to leave the long tap-roots on for best results did not enter as a question in these operations—"the new horticulture" was not in existence at the time.

A later planting had the tap-roots cut by running the tree digger under

holds foliage very late, even into the winter. Nut elliptical pointed, above medium size, moderately ribbed, cracks handsomely, season medium. Hulls medium thick.

Senator Roe—Moderately close-headed, sheds leaves early. Nut oblique-roundish, large, moderately ribbed; meat easily separated from shell, season medium. Hulls thick.

Burchard—Rather close-headed, foliage drops early. Nut squarish-oval, strongly compressed, slightly ribbed, cracks right, season medium early, very productive. Hulls thick.

As before stated, the nuts from which these trees were grown were planted in the fall of 1885. Most of them have been bearing four years; there are some that have their first nuts yet to produce, so that it requires all of 15 years to get shellbarks into bearing from the seed. It is claimed by the vendors of pecan trees that they



ANOTHER GROUP OF SHELLBARKS, ONE-HALF NATURAL SIZE.

(1, Roosevelt; 2, Burchard; 3, Waugh; 4, Deweesee; 5, Senator Roe.)

them when two years old, and again when three years old, and transplanted at five years' growth. When taken up for transplanting, these trees all had tap-roots, but instead of a single straight root, from three to seven; these were cut off smoothly to a uniform length of two feet from the collar. A few of these died; none have grown as vigorously as those of the first planting, but there is still nothing decisive in this, as they were set on land quite different in character. If planting again, I would adhere to the plan practiced with the first lot.

Some of these have been named, and samples submitted to very competent scientific authority. To better display the eccentricities of nature as exhibited in the wide variations of these nuts from the original types—none of which are reproduced—photographs giving exact natural size and structural formation of interiors were taken, and cuts of these made in turn by the Country Gentleman, and from which our illustrations herewith given were made.

Underwood—Tree moderately close-headed, holds foliage fairly late. Nut above medium to large size, slightly ribbed, cracks nicely, season early, productive. Hulls thick.

Waugh—Branchy, or close-headed, affording large bearing areas; sheds foliage early. Nut squarish-oval, large, obscurely ribbed, shell thin, separates readily from kernel, fine quality, season medium, very productive. Hulls thick.

Jump—Medium branchy, holds leaves well. Nut oval compressed, strongly ribbed, cracks right, season past medium, tree a heavy bearer. Hulls thick.

Wire Worms Can Be Controlled

Every farmer is familiar with wire worms and their work, and knows that no remedy has yet proved effective over large areas. The only satisfactory way to control these insects is by preventive measures.

The adults are insects which vary in size from a fraction of an inch to more than an inch. A typical one and its larva is shown in the cut. Those in which the farmer is interested lay eggs in grass lands and weedy fields during May. In general the young are usually brown, hard bodied creatures, and are popularly known as wire worms. They feed on roots for one, two and three seasons before reaching maturity.

Such being the life habits no insecticide is effective. Preventive measures, says Orange Judd Farmer, commence with plowing in early summer for crimson clover to be turned under in autumn each year for two or three years. The first plowing removes the food; the second disturbs the remaining worms. An early crop such as cabbage should be planted each season until the land is free. This should be off before crimson clover sowing time arrives. Short rotations and variety of crops will prevent further trouble.

